



1
00:00:17,029 --> 00:00:09,919
ignition sequence star we have taken

2
00:00:20,179 --> 00:00:17,039
tremendous steps we have achieved the

3
00:00:24,529 --> 00:00:20,189
Earth's shaking the breathtaking the

4
00:00:27,589 --> 00:00:24,539
groundbreaking have left a mark in the

5
00:00:29,680 --> 00:00:27,599
heavens our successes build one upon

6
00:00:32,519 --> 00:00:29,690
another

7
00:00:36,170 --> 00:00:32,529
what is possible

8
00:00:38,550 --> 00:00:36,180
it's time we take the next great leap

9
00:00:41,400 --> 00:00:38,560
we're building the next chapter of

10
00:00:45,960 --> 00:00:41,410
American exploration returning to the

11
00:00:49,170 --> 00:00:45,970
moon and to stay so we can go beyond to

12
00:00:53,520 --> 00:00:49,180
Mars to expand what's possible and

13
00:00:55,439 --> 00:00:53,530

further our understanding the

14

00:00:58,619 --> 00:00:55,449

architecture for these missions is

15

00:01:01,890 --> 00:00:58,629

already taking shape we will go with new

16

00:01:04,079 --> 00:01:01,900

systems bold designs and a sustainable

17

00:01:08,760 --> 00:01:04,089

mission

18

00:01:11,670 --> 00:01:08,770

and taste it touch it we are going we

19

00:01:14,300 --> 00:01:11,680

are training contested pressing our

20

00:01:17,660 --> 00:01:14,310

pioneering spirits into every component

21

00:01:20,750 --> 00:01:17,670

defining our resolve with every line of

22

00:01:23,280 --> 00:01:20,760

and securing our success with every

23

00:01:26,370 --> 00:01:23,290

welcomed partnership

24

00:01:29,940 --> 00:01:26,380

this is not hypothetical this is not

25

00:01:31,520 --> 00:01:29,950

about flags and footprints this is about

26

00:01:34,130 --> 00:01:31,530

sustainable

27

00:01:34,970 --> 00:01:34,140

and feeding forward the advance of the

28

00:01:36,560 --> 00:01:34,980

human spirit

29

00:01:39,860 --> 00:01:36,570

[Music]

30

00:01:41,630 --> 00:01:39,870

because we are the pioneers the star

31

00:01:44,940 --> 00:01:41,640

sailors

32

00:01:49,230 --> 00:01:46,950

as we stand on

33

00:01:53,800 --> 00:01:49,240

the chance to go farther

34

00:01:53,810 --> 00:01:59,640

of the greatest adventurers in history

35

00:02:08,449 --> 00:02:01,870

every mission

36

00:02:44,940 --> 00:02:11,430

and after sixty years we're just

37

00:02:44,950 --> 00:03:32,380

[Music]

38

00:03:32,390 --> 00:03:47,160

[Applause]

39

00:03:51,819 --> 00:03:49,050

all right

40

00:03:54,220 --> 00:03:51,829

man those videos are a tough act to

41

00:03:55,780 --> 00:03:54,230

follow they were outstanding well good

42

00:03:58,720 --> 00:03:55,790

afternoon and welcome to the Kennedy

43

00:04:01,449 --> 00:03:58,730

Space Center in the dawn of a new era in

44

00:04:03,729 --> 00:04:01,459

the exploration of the Moon and Mars I'm

45

00:04:06,369 --> 00:04:03,739

Bob cabana and I have the privilege of

46

00:04:09,610 --> 00:04:06,379

leading this amazing team at America's

47

00:04:11,770 --> 00:04:09,620

premier multi-user spaceport I'm pleased

48

00:04:14,020 --> 00:04:11,780

to welcome you all distinguished guests

49

00:04:16,420 --> 00:04:14,030

NASA's valued employees watching from

50

00:04:20,229 --> 00:04:16,430

across the nation and our media guests

51
00:04:25,180 --> 00:04:20,239
here and abroad I was 50 years ago this

52
00:04:28,120 --> 00:04:25,190
July that KSC was the launch site for

53
00:04:30,129 --> 00:04:28,130
that historic Apollo 11 mission when

54
00:04:32,800 --> 00:04:30,139
President Kennedy stood before a joint

55
00:04:35,560 --> 00:04:32,810
session of Congress and he announced his

56
00:04:38,050 --> 00:04:35,570
ambitious goal of sending humans to the

57
00:04:39,810 --> 00:04:38,060
moon and returning him safely we still

58
00:04:42,550 --> 00:04:39,820
had to figure out how to make that work

59
00:04:47,650 --> 00:04:42,560
we quickly ramped up operations here at

60
00:04:51,310 --> 00:04:47,660
KSC we had the mercury 7 crew here we

61
00:04:53,080 --> 00:04:51,320
hosted them we worked hard on Gemini

62
00:04:56,140 --> 00:04:53,090
learning everything that we needed to

63
00:04:57,909 --> 00:04:56,150

know to get humans to the moon to make

64

00:05:01,649 --> 00:04:57,919

those first steps on the lunar surface

65

00:05:04,300 --> 00:05:01,659

50 years ago we'll be making similar

66

00:05:07,149 --> 00:05:04,310

incremental steps as we build a

67

00:05:09,820 --> 00:05:07,159

sustainable architecture to reach our

68

00:05:11,350 --> 00:05:09,830

goals of the future the team here at the

69

00:05:14,110 --> 00:05:11,360

Kennedy Space Center is up to the

70

00:05:16,689 --> 00:05:14,120

challenge and we can't wait to see

71

00:05:19,000 --> 00:05:16,699

rockets on those launch pads taking

72

00:05:21,850 --> 00:05:19,010

humans back to the moon and eventually

73

00:05:24,610 --> 00:05:21,860

onto Mars it's my pleasure now to

74

00:05:27,820 --> 00:05:24,620

introduce our administrator Tim

75

00:05:29,950 --> 00:05:27,830

bridenstine now Jim came on board about

76
00:05:33,520 --> 00:05:29,960
the same time that the President signed

77
00:05:37,420 --> 00:05:33,530
space policy directive one that directed

78
00:05:40,200 --> 00:05:37,430
us to send humans to the moon for

79
00:05:42,480 --> 00:05:40,210
long-term exploration and utilization

80
00:05:45,580 --> 00:05:42,490
followed by missions to Mars

81
00:05:48,730 --> 00:05:45,590
his passion for flight and space

82
00:05:51,339 --> 00:05:48,740
exploration served him well on the Armed

83
00:05:53,879 --> 00:05:51,349
Forces Committee and the Science Space

84
00:05:58,450 --> 00:05:53,889
and Technology Committee in Congress and

85
00:06:01,330 --> 00:05:58,460
today that passion is inspiring the

86
00:06:03,999 --> 00:06:01,340
the workforce and the public on a new

87
00:06:08,110 --> 00:06:04,009
mission of exploration please welcome

88
00:06:22,220 --> 00:06:08,120

our 13th administrator Jim bridenstine

89

00:06:24,720 --> 00:06:22,230

[Applause]

90

00:06:26,760 --> 00:06:24,730

well Bob thank you for that great

91

00:06:28,830 --> 00:06:26,770

introduction and thank you all for being

92

00:06:31,860 --> 00:06:28,840

here on a day that I think is extremely

93

00:06:34,080 --> 00:06:31,870

exciting today we are rolling out the

94

00:06:37,560 --> 00:06:34,090

President's budget request for NASA and

95

00:06:39,240 --> 00:06:37,570

I am very happy to tell you that NASA's

96

00:06:41,280 --> 00:06:39,250

budget request from the President of the

97

00:06:43,800 --> 00:06:41,290

United States is strong and we have

98

00:06:47,890 --> 00:06:43,810

strong bipartisan support in both

99

00:06:55,670 --> 00:06:53,290

[Applause]

100

00:06:58,760 --> 00:06:55,680

now many of you know that I'm a Navy

101
00:07:00,469 --> 00:06:58,770
pilot by trade and I'm going to spend a

102
00:07:04,369 --> 00:07:00,479
few minutes talking about a mission that

103
00:07:07,279 --> 00:07:04,379
I think is a lot of fun very exciting

104
00:07:10,070 --> 00:07:07,289
and transformative as a matter of fact

105
00:07:13,490 --> 00:07:10,080
for the way we fly in the United States

106
00:07:17,300 --> 00:07:13,500
of America we have been plowing through

107
00:07:19,820 --> 00:07:17,310
the atmosphere at point six Mach for

108
00:07:23,749 --> 00:07:19,830
seventy years and I think it's time we

109
00:07:26,749 --> 00:07:23,759
change that and the ex-59 is our tool to

110
00:07:29,119 --> 00:07:26,759
do just that in this budget request the

111
00:07:31,580 --> 00:07:29,129
ex 59 and the Aeronautics research

112
00:07:34,219 --> 00:07:31,590
Mission Directorate is funded at a very

113
00:07:36,499 --> 00:07:34,229

strong level I want to talk for just a

114

00:07:39,469 --> 00:07:36,509

second about what this means last year

115

00:07:42,490 --> 00:07:39,479

we saw really for the first time a test

116

00:07:45,649 --> 00:07:42,500

over Galveston in a populated center

117

00:07:48,769 --> 00:07:45,659

what a sonic boom will do to communities

118

00:07:50,510 --> 00:07:48,779

both from just an annoyance perspective

119

00:07:52,999 --> 00:07:50,520

and maybe from an infrastructure

120

00:07:55,670 --> 00:07:53,009

perspective and when we saw that we were

121

00:07:57,800 --> 00:07:55,680

able to make determinations as to what

122

00:08:02,839 --> 00:07:57,810

the level of tolerance would be for a

123

00:08:05,300 --> 00:08:02,849

sonic boom it has been banned for a long

124

00:08:07,309 --> 00:08:05,310

time by the FAA to fly over the United

125

00:08:09,619 --> 00:08:07,319

States at supersonic air speeds because

126
00:08:12,189 --> 00:08:09,629
of the disturbance and the problems with

127
00:08:15,050 --> 00:08:12,199
infrastructure well we at NASA are

128
00:08:17,540 --> 00:08:15,060
working really hard to change that and

129
00:08:18,890 --> 00:08:17,550
the low boom flight demonstrator is the

130
00:08:21,800 --> 00:08:18,900
tool to make that happen in this

131
00:08:25,279 --> 00:08:21,810
particular case we are assessing what is

132
00:08:28,189 --> 00:08:25,289
the tolerance for a low boom and we're

133
00:08:31,579 --> 00:08:28,199
imaging it in fact just the other day we

134
00:08:34,880 --> 00:08:31,589
had a b200 Beechcraft King Air fly with

135
00:08:38,060 --> 00:08:34,890
a brand new camera and and look at two

136
00:08:40,430 --> 00:08:38,070
t-38s flying below it at super spon

137
00:08:43,219 --> 00:08:40,440
supersonic speeds and looking at that

138
00:08:45,380 --> 00:08:43,229

pressure wave not just at the bow but at

139

00:08:48,860 --> 00:08:45,390

all different parts of those t-38 and

140

00:08:50,449 --> 00:08:48,870

how those pressure waves combine because

141

00:08:53,180 --> 00:08:50,459

when they combine that's when we get

142

00:08:55,220 --> 00:08:53,190

that really loud supersonic boom that

143

00:08:57,740 --> 00:08:55,230

can be disturbing and in fact troubling

144

00:08:59,449 --> 00:08:57,750

for infrastructure so what we're doing

145

00:09:02,180 --> 00:08:59,459

now is we're going to take what we learn

146

00:09:05,000 --> 00:09:02,190

from these experiments and we're going

147

00:09:05,570 --> 00:09:05,010

to apply them to the ex-59 which is

148

00:09:08,570 --> 00:09:05,580

going to all

149

00:09:11,420 --> 00:09:08,580

be flown in the year 2021 so that for

150

00:09:12,890 --> 00:09:11,430

the first time we can get regulations on

151

00:09:15,200 --> 00:09:12,900

the books in the United States of

152

00:09:17,690 --> 00:09:15,210

America that that say you can fly

153

00:09:24,250 --> 00:09:17,700

supersonic and I'm but this is important

154

00:09:27,290 --> 00:09:24,260

the ex-59 is gonna fly at Mach 1.4 at

155

00:09:29,030 --> 00:09:27,300

55,000 feet we're gonna be able to go

156

00:09:31,400 --> 00:09:29,040

from one side of the United States the

157

00:09:33,530 --> 00:09:31,410

other side of the United States in a

158

00:09:35,420 --> 00:09:33,540

couple of hours rather than five and a

159

00:09:37,910 --> 00:09:35,430

half six hours depending on the winds

160

00:09:39,560 --> 00:09:37,920

this is transformative for how we are

161

00:09:41,240 --> 00:09:39,570

able to get from one side of the country

162

00:09:45,560 --> 00:09:41,250

to the other and travel within the

163

00:09:47,480 --> 00:09:45,570

country just as exciting is another

164

00:09:50,240 --> 00:09:47,490

mission within the Aeronautics research

165

00:09:54,640 --> 00:09:50,250

Mission Directorate this mission is the

166

00:09:57,710 --> 00:09:54,650

x57 Maxwell the first all-electric

167

00:10:01,220 --> 00:09:57,720

transport aircraft capable of carrying

168

00:10:03,560 --> 00:10:01,230

passengers and cargo all-electric what

169

00:10:07,190 --> 00:10:03,570

does that mean that means we can drive

170

00:10:09,770 --> 00:10:07,200

down the cost of transporting people and

171

00:10:14,570 --> 00:10:09,780

cargo from one place the other by up to

172

00:10:16,280 --> 00:10:14,580

and even in some cases over 60% well if

173

00:10:18,100 --> 00:10:16,290

we can drive down the cost by that

174

00:10:20,540 --> 00:10:18,110

amount that means we're gonna have

175

00:10:23,840 --> 00:10:20,550

potentially commercial flights going to

176
00:10:25,640 --> 00:10:23,850
more destinations than ever before we're

177
00:10:27,200 --> 00:10:25,650
gonna be able to serve communities with

178
00:10:30,320 --> 00:10:27,210
air travel that historically have not

179
00:10:33,830 --> 00:10:30,330
been served with air travel I want to be

180
00:10:36,410 --> 00:10:33,840
clear we are not there yet but the x57

181
00:10:38,890 --> 00:10:36,420
Maxwell is the tool by which we will be

182
00:10:41,630 --> 00:10:38,900
able to accomplish these objectives and

183
00:10:43,970 --> 00:10:41,640
driving down costs and increasing access

184
00:10:45,800 --> 00:10:43,980
to air travel is the way that we're

185
00:10:47,690 --> 00:10:45,810
going to be able to increase the

186
00:10:49,640 --> 00:10:47,700
standard of living for every American

187
00:10:52,220 --> 00:10:49,650
and that's really what NASA is all about

188
00:10:53,540 --> 00:10:52,230

elevating the human condition and the

189

00:10:56,330 --> 00:10:53,550

x57

190

00:10:58,550 --> 00:10:56,340

is a tool to accomplish that one other

191

00:11:00,080 --> 00:10:58,560

very exciting project within the

192

00:11:05,320 --> 00:11:00,090

Aeronautics research Mission Directorate

193

00:11:08,600 --> 00:11:05,330

that I'm really kind of intrigued by is

194

00:11:12,800 --> 00:11:08,610

urban air mobility the idea that you can

195

00:11:16,490 --> 00:11:12,810

fly on an unmanned I should say uncrewed

196

00:11:20,720 --> 00:11:16,500

craft I know pilot

197

00:11:22,250 --> 00:11:20,730

let's say that from from one side of the

198

00:11:24,650 --> 00:11:22,260

city to another side of the city just

199

00:11:26,720 --> 00:11:24,660

like you would drive a car now again

200

00:11:28,520 --> 00:11:26,730

we're not there yet but in order to

201
00:11:30,860 --> 00:11:28,530
achieve that day we first start with

202
00:11:33,050 --> 00:11:30,870
cargo and there is industry in the

203
00:11:35,000 --> 00:11:33,060
United States of America right now very

204
00:11:37,370 --> 00:11:35,010
excited about that eventualities why

205
00:11:40,010 --> 00:11:37,380
because it will help them get your

206
00:11:41,840 --> 00:11:40,020
packages to your doorstep faster and

207
00:11:44,690 --> 00:11:41,850
more efficiently than ever before and

208
00:11:46,910 --> 00:11:44,700
once that happens there is no limit to

209
00:11:48,560 --> 00:11:46,920
what we can do with humans in the future

210
00:11:50,480 --> 00:11:48,570
but in order to do that we have to be

211
00:11:52,760 --> 00:11:50,490
able to integrate uncrewed systems

212
00:11:55,070 --> 00:11:52,770
unmanned aerial systems into the air

213
00:11:56,570 --> 00:11:55,080

into the National Airspace System that's

214

00:11:58,490 --> 00:11:56,580

not an easy feat and when you're talking

215

00:12:00,320 --> 00:11:58,500

about doing it in urban environments

216

00:12:02,510 --> 00:12:00,330

there's a whole level of safety that has

217

00:12:04,550 --> 00:12:02,520

to come into play and so what NASA is

218

00:12:06,890 --> 00:12:04,560

doing within the Aeronautics research

219

00:12:11,660 --> 00:12:06,900

Mission Directorate is working on those

220

00:12:13,190 --> 00:12:11,670

very challenging problems one day we're

221

00:12:16,490 --> 00:12:13,200

gonna be able to deliver packages to

222

00:12:18,950 --> 00:12:16,500

your doorstep in a vehicle that flies in

223

00:12:21,140 --> 00:12:18,960

the sky over populated centers more

224

00:12:22,820 --> 00:12:21,150

efficiently and even one day fly humans

225

00:12:26,180 --> 00:12:22,830

from one side of the city to the other

226

00:12:28,280 --> 00:12:26,190

so these are all very exciting things

227

00:12:30,050 --> 00:12:28,290

within the Aeronautics mission direct

228

00:12:32,690 --> 00:12:30,060

Aeronautics research Mission Directorate

229

00:12:34,460 --> 00:12:32,700

and I wanted to make sure that I started

230

00:12:36,230 --> 00:12:34,470

the speech today talking about that part

231

00:12:39,050 --> 00:12:36,240

of the budget because as a Navy pilot I

232

00:12:41,750 --> 00:12:39,060

like the idea of everybody being able to

233

00:12:43,580 --> 00:12:41,760

fly supersonic and of course everybody

234

00:12:45,500 --> 00:12:43,590

being able to fly in general and

235

00:12:47,810 --> 00:12:45,510

eventually everybody being able to fly

236

00:12:50,840 --> 00:12:47,820

from one side of the city to another

237

00:12:55,700 --> 00:12:50,850

side of the city so let's take it up a

238

00:12:59,690 --> 00:12:55,710

notch from aeronautics to space we have

239

00:13:02,840 --> 00:12:59,700

seen what happens when we as NASA in

240

00:13:05,840 --> 00:13:02,850

low-earth orbit we become one customer

241

00:13:07,760 --> 00:13:05,850

of many customers in a robust commercial

242

00:13:12,140 --> 00:13:07,770

marketplace in low-earth orbit

243

00:13:14,050 --> 00:13:12,150

we just saw a SpaceX crew dragon dock

244

00:13:18,560 --> 00:13:14,060

with the International Space Station

245

00:13:22,750 --> 00:13:18,570

deliver some cargo namely a little earth

246

00:13:27,770 --> 00:13:22,760

humanoid ultimately do a lot of tests

247

00:13:30,980 --> 00:13:27,780

undock fly home and land safely

248

00:13:33,890 --> 00:13:30,990

that is a first step in a much longer

249

00:13:35,900 --> 00:13:33,900

mission for NASA to become one customer

250

00:13:38,180 --> 00:13:35,910

of many customers in low-earth orbit in

251
00:13:41,050 --> 00:13:38,190
a robust commercial marketplace and at

252
00:13:43,610 --> 00:13:41,060
the same time having numerous providers

253
00:13:46,130 --> 00:13:43,620
that are competing on cost and

254
00:13:49,040 --> 00:13:46,140
innovation why is that so important

255
00:13:51,560 --> 00:13:49,050
because we need to drive down costs we

256
00:13:53,330 --> 00:13:51,570
need to increase access we need to make

257
00:13:55,430 --> 00:13:53,340
spaceflight more available to more

258
00:13:57,170 --> 00:13:55,440
people that includes commercial

259
00:13:58,880 --> 00:13:57,180
activities we're talking about

260
00:14:00,580 --> 00:13:58,890
manufacturing we're talking about

261
00:14:01,760 --> 00:14:00,590
tourism we're talking about

262
00:14:04,460 --> 00:14:01,770
pharmaceuticals

263
00:14:06,980 --> 00:14:04,470

maybe fiber optics we need to develop

264

00:14:09,920 --> 00:14:06,990

that very robust commercial marketplace

265

00:14:12,500 --> 00:14:09,930

in low-earth orbit it starts with cargo

266

00:14:14,060 --> 00:14:12,510

it is now starting to get to the point

267

00:14:16,240 --> 00:14:14,070

where we're going to be launching crew

268

00:14:26,680 --> 00:14:16,250

and by the way we're going to do that in

269

00:14:32,749 --> 00:14:30,470

and eventually we're going to get to a

270

00:14:35,090 --> 00:14:32,759

day where low Earth orbit in general for

271

00:14:38,030 --> 00:14:35,100

habitation is going to be commercialized

272

00:14:39,499 --> 00:14:38,040

in other words NASA will be a customer

273

00:14:41,449 --> 00:14:39,509

of many customers with numerous

274

00:14:44,030 --> 00:14:41,459

providers competing on cost and

275

00:14:46,369 --> 00:14:44,040

innovation not just for resupply not

276

00:14:47,720 --> 00:14:46,379

just for crew but in fact for habitation

277

00:14:49,910 --> 00:14:47,730

for science

278

00:14:52,759 --> 00:14:49,920

for discovery for capability and low

279

00:14:54,199 --> 00:14:52,769

Earth orbit let's talk about why we want

280

00:14:56,749 --> 00:14:54,209

to do that why does NASA want to

281

00:14:58,699 --> 00:14:56,759

commercialize low-earth orbit it is in

282

00:15:00,230 --> 00:14:58,709

our interest to take advantage of

283

00:15:03,050 --> 00:15:00,240

commercial market places where they

284

00:15:05,629 --> 00:15:03,060

exist because the cost go down access

285

00:15:08,059 --> 00:15:05,639

goes up and then we can use the American

286

00:15:10,699 --> 00:15:08,069

tax dollars the resources that we are

287

00:15:12,710 --> 00:15:10,709

given by the American taxpayer to go

288

00:15:15,350 --> 00:15:12,720

further and do more than we've ever done

289

00:15:17,990 --> 00:15:15,360

before that's who we are and that's what

290

00:15:20,689 --> 00:15:18,000

we do the president has given us space

291

00:15:22,699 --> 00:15:20,699

policy directive 1 which says to go back

292

00:15:25,910 --> 00:15:22,709

to the moon and we're gonna do that in

293

00:15:28,759 --> 00:15:25,920

short order maybe even in 2019 but at

294

00:15:30,829 --> 00:15:28,769

least by 2020 with commercial lunar

295

00:15:32,569 --> 00:15:30,839

payload services that are going to be

296

00:15:34,490 --> 00:15:32,579

funded through the science Mission

297

00:15:36,170 --> 00:15:34,500

Directorate and all of this is going to

298

00:15:38,660 --> 00:15:36,180

be possible because we're looking at

299

00:15:40,309 --> 00:15:38,670

going fast there's two things when we

300

00:15:42,910 --> 00:15:40,319

talk about commercial lunar payload

301
00:15:46,730 --> 00:15:42,920
services that are important number one

302
00:15:49,480 --> 00:15:46,740
it's commercial we want competition on

303
00:15:53,449 --> 00:15:49,490
both costs and innovation and number two

304
00:15:55,309 --> 00:15:53,459
it's gonna be fast we we don't NASA is

305
00:15:55,639 --> 00:15:55,319
not going to be the long pole in the

306
00:15:57,949 --> 00:15:55,649
tent

307
00:15:59,809 --> 00:15:57,959
NASA is gonna we've already provided 10

308
00:16:02,420 --> 00:15:59,819
different payloads that are ready to go

309
00:16:04,249 --> 00:16:02,430
to the moon and very soon we're gonna be

310
00:16:05,780 --> 00:16:04,259
issuing contracts to companies to

311
00:16:08,120 --> 00:16:05,790
deliver those payloads we're talking

312
00:16:10,549 --> 00:16:08,130
about small scientific instruments to

313
00:16:11,840 --> 00:16:10,559

the surface of the Moon now space policy

314

00:16:14,329 --> 00:16:11,850

directive one is not just about

315

00:16:16,309 --> 00:16:14,339

delivering small payloads to the surface

316

00:16:19,220 --> 00:16:16,319

of the Moon it's about much more than

317

00:16:23,840 --> 00:16:19,230

that it's about having a sustainable

318

00:16:26,420 --> 00:16:23,850

human presence on and around the moon in

319

00:16:29,749 --> 00:16:26,430

order to achieve that objective we need

320

00:16:32,600 --> 00:16:29,759

a permanent command and service module

321

00:16:34,910 --> 00:16:32,610

in orbit around the moon we call it

322

00:16:47,610 --> 00:16:34,920

gateway and that's fully funded in this

323

00:16:54,150 --> 00:16:51,660

I hear people sometimes say well you

324

00:16:56,610 --> 00:16:54,160

know Gateway is not a Space Station it

325

00:16:59,820 --> 00:16:56,620

is not it is a command and a surface

326

00:17:02,340 --> 00:16:59,830

module but it will be it will have the

327

00:17:04,470 --> 00:17:02,350

opportunity to have crew the other thing

328

00:17:06,600 --> 00:17:04,480

that's important about Gateway is it's

329

00:17:09,660 --> 00:17:06,610

going to utilize solar electric

330

00:17:11,970 --> 00:17:09,670

propulsion to be maneuverable when we go

331

00:17:14,640 --> 00:17:11,980

back to Apollo we remember that we

332

00:17:17,900 --> 00:17:14,650

landed twelve astronauts on the surface

333

00:17:21,660 --> 00:17:17,910

of the Moon over a period of three years

334

00:17:23,939 --> 00:17:21,670

1969 to 1972 each one of those missions

335

00:17:27,090 --> 00:17:23,949

was to the equatorial regions of the

336

00:17:29,340 --> 00:17:27,100

Moon and because of that we never went

337

00:17:31,620 --> 00:17:29,350

to the poles well there's a lot of

338

00:17:35,160 --> 00:17:31,630

valuable material at the poles namely

339

00:17:37,170 --> 00:17:35,170

water ice we discovered it in 2009 and

340

00:17:39,330 --> 00:17:37,180

massive quantities hundreds of millions

341

00:17:41,850 --> 00:17:39,340

of tons of water ice at the poles of the

342

00:17:43,740 --> 00:17:41,860

Moon well what gateway represents is an

343

00:17:46,080 --> 00:17:43,750

opportunity not just to go to the moon

344

00:17:48,450 --> 00:17:46,090

over and over again in a sustainable

345

00:17:50,580 --> 00:17:48,460

architecture but it represents an

346

00:17:51,000 --> 00:17:50,590

opportunity to get to more parts of the

347

00:17:54,060 --> 00:17:51,010

moon

348

00:17:56,370 --> 00:17:54,070

than ever before our goal is not just to

349

00:17:58,590 --> 00:17:56,380

land in one spot of the moon and learn a

350

00:18:01,020 --> 00:17:58,600

whole lot about all of the things that

351
00:18:03,150 --> 00:18:01,030
are happening in one kilometer around

352
00:18:05,520 --> 00:18:03,160
that one spot what we're interested in

353
00:18:07,620 --> 00:18:05,530
doing is learning all about the entire

354
00:18:10,110 --> 00:18:07,630
moon friends there is a lot about the

355
00:18:12,210 --> 00:18:10,120
moon we don't yet know and Gateway is

356
00:18:14,669 --> 00:18:12,220
going to allow us with this reusable

357
00:18:16,800 --> 00:18:14,679
command and service module with solar

358
00:18:19,680 --> 00:18:16,810
electric propulsion it can be in that

359
00:18:21,960 --> 00:18:19,690
equatorial region that me rectilinear

360
00:18:23,460 --> 00:18:21,970
halo orbit I was told by my comms folks

361
00:18:26,040 --> 00:18:23,470
never say that word because nobody knows

362
00:18:27,300 --> 00:18:26,050
what it is but I just said it but it's

363
00:18:28,919 --> 00:18:27,310

also going to go to the poles of the

364

00:18:31,740 --> 00:18:28,929

moon it can go to the north it can go to

365

00:18:34,470 --> 00:18:31,750

the south I1 and I2 giving Landers

366

00:18:36,840 --> 00:18:34,480

rovers robots and humans more access to

367

00:18:39,330 --> 00:18:36,850

more parts of the moon than ever before

368

00:18:42,000 --> 00:18:39,340

we don't want to miss anything ever

369

00:18:44,940 --> 00:18:42,010

again there's a lot to learn and this is

370

00:18:47,580 --> 00:18:44,950

about sustainability when we talk about

371

00:18:49,500 --> 00:18:47,590

sustainability what does that mean that

372

00:18:52,620 --> 00:18:49,510

means we need to be able to launch mass

373

00:18:54,840 --> 00:18:52,630

payloads off the surface of the earth we

374

00:18:56,700 --> 00:18:54,850

need the SLS and we need the Orion crew

375

00:18:59,160 --> 00:18:56,710

capsule and we need the European service

376

00:19:01,730 --> 00:18:59,170

module all of the above and some people

377

00:19:04,490 --> 00:19:01,740

say because I have said quite regularly

378

00:19:08,190 --> 00:19:04,500

when the president says go to the moon

379

00:19:09,870 --> 00:19:08,200

and he says go sustainably in other

380

00:19:12,180 --> 00:19:09,880

words this time when you go you need to

381

00:19:13,890 --> 00:19:12,190

stay when the president says that what

382

00:19:17,040 --> 00:19:13,900

does it mean it means we need

383

00:19:19,020 --> 00:19:17,050

reusability we have seen what happens in

384

00:19:20,880 --> 00:19:19,030

low-earth orbit when we reuse rockets

385

00:19:22,860 --> 00:19:20,890

the cost go down and the access goes up

386

00:19:24,630 --> 00:19:22,870

we need reusability in the entire

387

00:19:27,270 --> 00:19:24,640

architecture between the earth and the

388

00:19:29,730 --> 00:19:27,280

moon reusable launched reusable tuggs

389

00:19:31,890 --> 00:19:29,740

reusable command and service modules in

390

00:19:35,790 --> 00:19:31,900

orbit around the moon reusable landers

391

00:19:36,930 --> 00:19:35,800

robots Rovers all going human Lander is

392

00:19:38,670 --> 00:19:36,940

going to the surface of the Moon

393

00:19:40,530 --> 00:19:38,680

everything needs to be reusable built

394

00:19:42,480 --> 00:19:40,540

into the architecture and that's really

395

00:19:46,400 --> 00:19:42,490

what space policy directive one is all

396

00:19:48,840 --> 00:19:46,410

about a sustainable return to the moon

397

00:19:50,790 --> 00:19:48,850

but I have heard criticism that maybe

398

00:19:53,750 --> 00:19:50,800

when we talk about sustainable and

399

00:19:58,080 --> 00:19:53,760

reusable why do we build SLS and Orion

400

00:20:00,060 --> 00:19:58,090

want to be clear Orion by em4 is going

401
00:20:02,280 --> 00:20:00,070
to have a lot of its components reusable

402
00:20:03,720 --> 00:20:02,290
and we're working hard with our partners

403
00:20:05,310 --> 00:20:03,730
over at Lockheed Martin to make sure

404
00:20:07,500 --> 00:20:05,320
that we're building as much reusability

405
00:20:10,800 --> 00:20:07,510
into those vehicles as possible and by

406
00:20:12,450 --> 00:20:10,810
em4 it's possible I'm not gonna put a

407
00:20:14,730 --> 00:20:12,460
probability on it but we could actually

408
00:20:18,360 --> 00:20:14,740
be reusing the Pressure Vessel

409
00:20:20,010 --> 00:20:18,370
of Orion in the near future that's going

410
00:20:22,850 --> 00:20:20,020
to help us build reusability and

411
00:20:26,430 --> 00:20:22,860
sustainability into the into the project

412
00:20:29,790 --> 00:20:26,440
when it comes to SLS and on this point I

413
00:20:33,390 --> 00:20:29,800

want to be crystal clear SLS is not

414

00:20:35,760 --> 00:20:33,400

reusable but it is a critical piece of

415

00:20:38,580 --> 00:20:35,770

the architecture that enables us that

416

00:20:40,680 --> 00:20:38,590

enables us to deliver reusability to the

417

00:20:43,470 --> 00:20:40,690

moon we're talking about launching

418

00:20:45,810 --> 00:20:43,480

Gateway and Orion and the European

419

00:20:48,720 --> 00:20:45,820

service module all of these things are

420

00:20:50,100 --> 00:20:48,730

part of a reusable architecture we're

421

00:20:52,110 --> 00:20:50,110

talking about a rocket that's bigger

422

00:20:54,960 --> 00:20:52,120

than any rocket that's ever been built

423

00:20:57,570 --> 00:20:54,970

in human history with a with a payload

424

00:20:58,800 --> 00:20:57,580

fairing capable of carrying volumes that

425

00:21:02,460 --> 00:20:58,810

we've never seen before

426
00:21:05,190 --> 00:21:02,470
taller than the Statue of Liberty to

427
00:21:07,740 --> 00:21:05,200
take our not just astronauts to the moon

428
00:21:10,310 --> 00:21:07,750
but at the same time Co manifested

429
00:21:12,690 --> 00:21:10,320
payloads at the same time this is a

430
00:21:15,149 --> 00:21:12,700
transformational strategic capability

431
00:21:17,739 --> 00:21:15,159
for the United States of America

432
00:21:21,159 --> 00:21:17,749
and I want to stop for just a second and

433
00:21:23,919 --> 00:21:21,169
let you know this SLS and Orion and

434
00:21:25,779 --> 00:21:23,929
Gateway and in low-earth orbit the

435
00:21:27,930 --> 00:21:25,789
International Space Station Commercial

436
00:21:29,889 --> 00:21:27,940
Crew commercial resupply and

437
00:21:33,159 --> 00:21:29,899
commercialization of low Earth orbit for

438
00:21:35,080 --> 00:21:33,169

habitation all of this is very strong in

439

00:21:36,940 --> 00:21:35,090

the President's budget request and we

440

00:21:39,070 --> 00:21:36,950

are thrilled as an agency that he is

441

00:21:41,200 --> 00:21:39,080

backing up not just with space policy

442

00:21:42,820 --> 00:21:41,210

directive one but with his budgets and

443

00:21:44,980 --> 00:21:42,830

this is going to help us build that

444

00:21:57,109 --> 00:21:44,990

sustainable return to the moon

445

00:21:59,669 --> 00:21:57,119

[Applause]

446

00:22:01,560 --> 00:21:59,679

there's one other very exciting thing I

447

00:22:04,139 --> 00:22:01,570

need to make sure everybody is aware of

448

00:22:08,039 --> 00:22:04,149

when we talk about our movement

449

00:22:08,779 --> 00:22:08,049

activities for the first time in over

450

00:22:13,769 --> 00:22:08,789

ten years

451

00:22:16,019 --> 00:22:13,779

we have money in this budget for a

452

00:22:18,979 --> 00:22:16,029

return to the moon with humans on

453

00:22:21,629 --> 00:22:18,989

talking about human-rated Landers

454

00:22:24,180 --> 00:22:21,639

compatible with Gateway that can go back

455

00:22:26,970 --> 00:22:24,190

and forth to the surface of the Moon we

456

00:22:28,739 --> 00:22:26,980

are funding human-rated Landers to go to

457

00:22:38,960 --> 00:22:28,749

the moon for the first time in over ten

458

00:22:44,910 --> 00:22:42,060

okay so we have a really special

459

00:22:47,160 --> 00:22:44,920

opportunity now I'd like to let

460

00:22:48,960 --> 00:22:47,170

everybody know that we're gonna go live

461

00:22:50,990 --> 00:22:48,970

from the Johnson Space Center where

462

00:22:53,430 --> 00:22:51,000

we're gonna meet astronaut Karen Nyberg

463

00:22:56,100 --> 00:22:53,440

Karen is going to take us through the

464

00:22:58,620 --> 00:22:56,110

inside of a mock-up of the Orion crew

465

00:23:05,190 --> 00:22:58,630

capsule that astronauts will use to fly

466

00:23:09,060 --> 00:23:07,320

Thank You administrator Bryan Stein I'm

467

00:23:10,590 --> 00:23:09,070

astronaut Karen Nyberg and I'm here at

468

00:23:12,780 --> 00:23:10,600

the Johnson Space Center as he said

469

00:23:16,740 --> 00:23:12,790

inside a test version of the Orion

470

00:23:18,510 --> 00:23:16,750

capsule over at KSC you of course are

471

00:23:21,600 --> 00:23:18,520

seeing the real hardware what was going

472

00:23:23,990 --> 00:23:21,610

to fly cruise to space to the vicinity

473

00:23:28,380 --> 00:23:24,000

of the moon this is actually a

474

00:23:31,530 --> 00:23:28,390

volumetric mock-up it's the same size

475

00:23:34,140 --> 00:23:31,540

what you would expect what the the Ryan

476
00:23:35,670 --> 00:23:34,150
is we've been using it quite extensively

477
00:23:38,160 --> 00:23:35,680
here at the Johnson Space Center for

478
00:23:40,770 --> 00:23:38,170
engineering and operational evaluations

479
00:23:42,270 --> 00:23:40,780
and you really get a sense when you're

480
00:23:44,040 --> 00:23:42,280
sitting in here when you get inside what

481
00:23:45,930 --> 00:23:44,050
its gonna be like for the crew when we

482
00:23:48,570 --> 00:23:45,940
actually start taking it to the vicinity

483
00:23:50,040 --> 00:23:48,580
of the moon I'm sitting here next to the

484
00:23:51,780 --> 00:23:50,050
commander seat the commander would be

485
00:23:55,440 --> 00:23:51,790
sitting here to my left and in front of

486
00:23:57,300 --> 00:23:55,450
us are the displays we have three three

487
00:23:58,980 --> 00:23:57,310
screens that we can switch depending on

488
00:24:00,750 --> 00:23:58,990

what phase the flight we're in we can

489

00:24:03,360 --> 00:24:00,760

pull up any number of displays here we

490

00:24:06,720 --> 00:24:03,370

monitor all of our systems communication

491

00:24:09,120 --> 00:24:06,730

prop our equalist or electrical system

492

00:24:11,610 --> 00:24:09,130

we can monitor our attitude in space and

493

00:24:13,800 --> 00:24:11,620

also our trajectories and also send

494

00:24:15,930 --> 00:24:13,810

commands from here as well it's quite

495

00:24:17,580 --> 00:24:15,940

slick above my head you'll see we have

496

00:24:20,130 --> 00:24:17,590

several windows which i think is what a

497

00:24:22,830 --> 00:24:20,140

key component for any any vehicle that

498

00:24:25,140 --> 00:24:22,840

is going to carry people and I'm sure

499

00:24:27,780 --> 00:24:25,150

this is going to provide a great view of

500

00:24:29,790 --> 00:24:27,790

the moon for folks as they're as they're

501
00:24:32,790 --> 00:24:29,800
getting near it's really an exciting

502
00:24:34,620 --> 00:24:32,800
time for everybody at NASA right now you

503
00:24:36,270 --> 00:24:34,630
know not only are we building a Ryan and

504
00:24:38,430 --> 00:24:36,280
SLS but at the same time we're

505
00:24:39,780 --> 00:24:38,440
continuing to do the work and you know

506
00:24:43,140 --> 00:24:39,790
living onboard the International Space

507
00:24:44,460 --> 00:24:43,150
Station doing research for investigators

508
00:24:46,770 --> 00:24:44,470
all over the world

509
00:24:49,520 --> 00:24:46,780
we're also demonstrating some hardware

510
00:24:51,990 --> 00:24:49,530
on the space station and of course

511
00:24:54,300 --> 00:24:52,000
fostering the commercial participation

512
00:24:56,070 --> 00:24:54,310
in space travel and at the same time

513
00:24:58,770 --> 00:24:56,080

getting ready in the development of

514

00:25:00,560 --> 00:24:58,780

Gateway and the lunar landers and all of

515

00:25:04,110 --> 00:25:00,570

the science payloads that are required

516

00:25:06,990 --> 00:25:04,120

to establish that presence there it's

517

00:25:11,070 --> 00:25:07,000

really really exciting for all of us I

518

00:25:13,620 --> 00:25:11,080

have with me here to show this is a

519

00:25:16,500 --> 00:25:13,630

lunar sample that was actually brought

520

00:25:17,700 --> 00:25:16,510

back from one of the Apollo missions and

521

00:25:19,080 --> 00:25:17,710

this one actually flew on a space

522

00:25:22,230 --> 00:25:19,090

shuttle to the space station

523

00:25:24,930 --> 00:25:22,240

and we're really excited as crew to be

524

00:25:27,800 --> 00:25:24,940

able to bring back samples like this for

525

00:25:32,790 --> 00:25:27,810

scientists to study again and eventually

526
00:25:34,590 --> 00:25:32,800
eventually samples from Mars back to you

527
00:25:36,780 --> 00:25:34,600
administrator Brian Stein well Karen

528
00:25:38,670 --> 00:25:36,790
thank you for that that brief and that

529
00:25:40,320 --> 00:25:38,680
update can you share with us as an

530
00:25:43,290 --> 00:25:40,330
astronaut and I know you're working with

531
00:25:45,060 --> 00:25:43,300
the astronaut corps all the time with

532
00:25:46,830 --> 00:25:45,070
all of these different capabilities that

533
00:25:50,610 --> 00:25:46,840
are under development right now and in

534
00:25:53,310 --> 00:25:50,620
fact now testing we of course we've got

535
00:25:57,360 --> 00:25:53,320
the dragon we've got the Starliner and

536
00:25:59,850 --> 00:25:57,370
now we've got Orion do the astronauts

537
00:26:04,260 --> 00:25:59,860
fight over who's gonna fly which vehicle

538
00:26:07,140 --> 00:26:04,270

I don't know if we fight over but I

539

00:26:08,700 --> 00:26:07,150

think everybody everybody has in there

540

00:26:10,650 --> 00:26:08,710

has in their mind they want to fly

541

00:26:12,290 --> 00:26:10,660

something it I think we're in a unique

542

00:26:15,120 --> 00:26:12,300

position now with so many different

543

00:26:16,320 --> 00:26:15,130

vehicles to fly on and I think I think

544

00:26:19,680 --> 00:26:16,330

most crews are just happy to get a

545

00:26:21,390 --> 00:26:19,690

spaceflight assignment well Karen I just

546

00:26:23,640 --> 00:26:21,400

want to say thank you for that I'm going

547

00:26:25,650 --> 00:26:23,650

to talk for just a second about that

548

00:26:27,480 --> 00:26:25,660

lunar sample that you have in your hand

549

00:26:30,330 --> 00:26:27,490

we have a very special announcement

550

00:26:33,180 --> 00:26:30,340

today we have three lunar samples that

551
00:26:35,160 --> 00:26:33,190
have come back from the moon that have

552
00:26:38,520 --> 00:26:35,170
never been opened we're going back to

553
00:26:41,610 --> 00:26:38,530
our missions from 1969 to 1972 six

554
00:26:44,610 --> 00:26:41,620
missions we have three samples that have

555
00:26:46,680 --> 00:26:44,620
never been opened and in this particular

556
00:26:49,490 --> 00:26:46,690
budget and in this particular year we

557
00:26:52,200 --> 00:26:49,500
are very much looking forward to

558
00:26:55,440 --> 00:26:52,210
contracting with nine different

559
00:26:58,020 --> 00:26:55,450
companies to have the opportunity to use

560
00:27:00,090 --> 00:26:58,030
the technology we have today to study

561
00:27:01,530 --> 00:27:00,100
those very pristine samples that have

562
00:27:04,380 --> 00:27:01,540
never been opened now I want to be clear

563
00:27:06,860 --> 00:27:04,390

here's a critically important piece of

564

00:27:10,460 --> 00:27:06,870

knowledge that we need to understand

565

00:27:13,170 --> 00:27:10,470

when the previous generations did Apollo

566

00:27:16,950 --> 00:27:13,180

they knew that the technology that they

567

00:27:20,040 --> 00:27:16,960

had in that day was not the technology

568

00:27:21,450 --> 00:27:20,050

that we would have in this day so they

569

00:27:24,780 --> 00:27:21,460

made a determination that they were

570

00:27:26,130 --> 00:27:24,790

going to preserve samples because they

571

00:27:27,810 --> 00:27:26,140

knew there would be a day when better

572

00:27:30,600 --> 00:27:27,820

technology would be able to better

573

00:27:33,060 --> 00:27:30,610

assess all of the different history the

574

00:27:35,460 --> 00:27:33,070

history of the moon from ultimately that

575

00:27:37,730 --> 00:27:35,470

technology that we have today so today

576

00:27:40,799 --> 00:27:37,740

we have this very special announcement

577

00:27:43,980 --> 00:27:40,809

that we have nine teams that will be

578

00:27:45,629 --> 00:27:43,990

examining nine unopened samples that

579

00:27:47,850 --> 00:27:45,639

have come back from the moon and we feel

580

00:27:50,999 --> 00:27:47,860

like we can do that because there are

581

00:27:51,899 --> 00:27:51,009

more lunar samples on the horizon where

582

00:27:54,629 --> 00:27:51,909

we're going to be able to learn more

583

00:27:58,009 --> 00:27:54,639

about we've ever learned about the moon

584

00:28:01,769 --> 00:27:58,019

before so I'd like to thank if it's okay

585

00:28:11,330 --> 00:28:01,779

the Apollo generation for preserving

586

00:28:16,340 --> 00:28:14,389

so that our generation could have this

587

00:28:20,269 --> 00:28:16,350

opportunity Karen thank you for your

588

00:28:21,470 --> 00:28:20,279

great great feedback on on what's

589

00:28:24,379 --> 00:28:21,480

happening there at the Johnson Space

590

00:28:33,150 --> 00:28:24,389

Center I want to talk for a second oh

591

00:28:36,630 --> 00:28:35,940

I want to talk for a second about the

592

00:28:39,090 --> 00:28:36,640

Gateway

593

00:28:41,580 --> 00:28:39,100

one of the valuable capabilities that

594

00:28:44,279 --> 00:28:41,590

the Gateway is going to bring is a plus

595

00:28:46,140 --> 00:28:44,289

up in solar electric propulsion we're

596

00:28:48,480 --> 00:28:46,150

talking about the ability to maneuver

597

00:28:50,370 --> 00:28:48,490

now the Gateway is not the International

598

00:28:52,590 --> 00:28:50,380

Space Station that's an important thing

599

00:28:54,840 --> 00:28:52,600

to remember because we want to be able

600

00:28:56,610 --> 00:28:54,850

to have it maneuverable around to go to

601
00:28:58,500 --> 00:28:56,620
all parts of the Moon and in order to do

602
00:29:00,330 --> 00:28:58,510
that it can't grow too big the mass has

603
00:29:02,190 --> 00:29:00,340
to be constrained so that we can use

604
00:29:04,200 --> 00:29:02,200
solar electric for patient propulsion

605
00:29:06,390 --> 00:29:04,210
which has a very high specific impulse

606
00:29:08,520 --> 00:29:06,400
in other words it can be used for a very

607
00:29:11,430 --> 00:29:08,530
long period of time for sustainability

608
00:29:13,289 --> 00:29:11,440
to be able to go again to the poles both

609
00:29:16,289 --> 00:29:13,299
the the North and the South Pole of the

610
00:29:21,450 --> 00:29:16,299
moon could we bring up a picture of the

611
00:29:24,360 --> 00:29:21,460
Gateway so when we think about the

612
00:29:26,640 --> 00:29:24,370
Gateway I just want to show you kinda

613
00:29:29,070 --> 00:29:26,650

this is an aspirational vision of the

614

00:29:31,470 --> 00:29:29,080

Gateway this is not what it is right now

615

00:29:34,169 --> 00:29:31,480

today but this is aspirational and I can

616

00:29:35,100 --> 00:29:34,179

tell you just this morning I got off the

617

00:29:38,580 --> 00:29:35,110

phone with all of our international

618

00:29:40,409 --> 00:29:38,590

partners on the ISS and others and they

619

00:29:41,940 --> 00:29:40,419

are very excited about partnering with

620

00:29:43,980 --> 00:29:41,950

us on going to the moon

621

00:29:47,370 --> 00:29:43,990

couple of weeks ago we announced that

622

00:29:50,130 --> 00:29:47,380

Canada is stepping up for the next 24

623

00:29:52,529 --> 00:29:50,140

years to partner with us on robotics on

624

00:29:55,710 --> 00:29:52,539

the gateway now the Gateway is not going

625

00:29:57,570 --> 00:29:55,720

to be crude 24/7 365 the way the

626

00:30:00,180 --> 00:29:57,580

International Space Station is which

627

00:30:02,430 --> 00:30:00,190

means robotics is a critical piece of it

628

00:30:04,500 --> 00:30:02,440

and of course with Canada coming on

629

00:30:06,659 --> 00:30:04,510

board which is the first official

630

00:30:09,149 --> 00:30:06,669

partner on the Gateway we're very

631

00:30:11,370 --> 00:30:09,159

excited and we know based on other

632

00:30:13,950 --> 00:30:11,380

conversations that we have other

633

00:30:15,330 --> 00:30:13,960

agencies all around the world excited

634

00:30:17,730 --> 00:30:15,340

about partnering with us on gateway

635

00:30:21,180 --> 00:30:17,740

here's why this is important NASA is

636

00:30:22,770 --> 00:30:21,190

very unique in all of the federal

637

00:30:24,570 --> 00:30:22,780

government we're able to have

638

00:30:26,310 --> 00:30:24,580

partnerships with countries that in some

639

00:30:28,350 --> 00:30:26,320

cases we wouldn't normally be able to

640

00:30:30,930 --> 00:30:28,360

partner with you can see on their roast

641

00:30:32,610 --> 00:30:30,940

cosmos the relationship between the

642

00:30:35,640 --> 00:30:32,620

United States and Russia of course is

643

00:30:37,770 --> 00:30:35,650

strained terrestrially but since 1975

644

00:30:40,070 --> 00:30:37,780

the height of the Cold War we have been

645

00:30:42,810 --> 00:30:40,080

able to live and work together in space

646

00:30:44,010 --> 00:30:42,820

1975 of course was the apollo-soyuz

647

00:30:45,720 --> 00:30:44,020

program

648

00:30:48,320 --> 00:30:45,730

of course when I went to Russia they

649

00:30:50,940 --> 00:30:48,330

called it the Soyuz Apollo program and

650

00:30:52,620 --> 00:30:50,950

and and then of course the shuttle-mir

651
00:30:54,210 --> 00:30:52,630
program or as they would say the MIR

652
00:30:55,830 --> 00:30:54,220
shuttle program and now the

653
00:30:58,410 --> 00:30:55,840
International Space Station and in the

654
00:31:00,480 --> 00:30:58,420
future on the gateway with other

655
00:31:02,130 --> 00:31:00,490
activities as well but it's not just

656
00:31:04,050 --> 00:31:02,140
about them it's also the European Space

657
00:31:06,120 --> 00:31:04,060
Agency it's the Japanese Space Agency

658
00:31:07,790 --> 00:31:06,130
and what we want to do with the moon

659
00:31:10,620 --> 00:31:07,800
when we think about this architecture

660
00:31:13,650 --> 00:31:10,630
the Gateway is not the end State the

661
00:31:14,760 --> 00:31:13,660
Gateway is a piece the end state is all

662
00:31:17,730 --> 00:31:14,770
of the above

663
00:31:20,100 --> 00:31:17,740

access to space not just low-earth orbit

664

00:31:22,770 --> 00:31:20,110

but deep space tugs that can go back and

665

00:31:24,960 --> 00:31:22,780

forth from low-earth orbit to lunar

666

00:31:26,880 --> 00:31:24,970

orbit the Gateway itself which of course

667

00:31:28,590 --> 00:31:26,890

is this reusable command and service

668

00:31:30,990 --> 00:31:28,600

module in orbit around the moon and

669

00:31:32,760 --> 00:31:31,000

reusable Landers as I've mentioned which

670

00:31:35,250 --> 00:31:32,770

are funded in this budget for the first

671

00:31:36,870 --> 00:31:35,260

time in 10 10 years that can take humans

672

00:31:39,690 --> 00:31:36,880

back and forth to the surface of the

673

00:31:41,820 --> 00:31:39,700

Moon reusable but also robots and

674

00:31:44,700 --> 00:31:41,830

Landers and Rovers when we think about

675

00:31:46,260 --> 00:31:44,710

this architecture in the future we don't

676
00:31:48,150 --> 00:31:46,270
want to constrain ourselves to the

677
00:31:50,310 --> 00:31:48,160
traditional International Space Station

678
00:31:52,020 --> 00:31:50,320
partners we love them and they're going

679
00:31:54,030 --> 00:31:52,030
to be with us and we are thrilled to

680
00:31:56,160 --> 00:31:54,040
have their support but there are other

681
00:31:58,560 --> 00:31:56,170
partners there are more space agencies

682
00:32:01,050 --> 00:31:58,570
all around the world than ever before in

683
00:32:03,420 --> 00:32:01,060
human history and of course as we are

684
00:32:05,880 --> 00:32:03,430
now starting to see in a more robust way

685
00:32:08,370 --> 00:32:05,890
we have commercial partners that are

686
00:32:10,920 --> 00:32:08,380
bringing capability to us as well so

687
00:32:12,930 --> 00:32:10,930
this is a just a snapshot of the future

688
00:32:14,100 --> 00:32:12,940

it's not where it is right now but I

689

00:32:15,090 --> 00:32:14,110

believe in the future it'll look

690

00:32:16,950 --> 00:32:15,100

something like this

691

00:32:19,110 --> 00:32:16,960

and in order to talk a little bit more

692

00:32:24,020 --> 00:32:19,120

about the Gateway I'd like to go to the

693

00:32:28,260 --> 00:32:24,030

Glenn Research Center where we have Deb

694

00:32:30,960 --> 00:32:28,270

waters and Dave Jacobson Dave is the the

695

00:32:33,030 --> 00:32:30,970

chief of electric propulsion systems

696

00:32:34,890 --> 00:32:33,040

which is a key capability and Deb as a

697

00:32:36,900 --> 00:32:34,900

facilities manager there at Glenn and

698

00:32:38,910 --> 00:32:36,910

I'd like you to share with us if you

699

00:32:44,090 --> 00:32:38,920

will just a few minutes about what's

700

00:32:48,630 --> 00:32:47,280

hi I'm standing here in the high bay of

701
00:32:51,150 --> 00:32:48,640
the electric propulsion and power

702
00:32:53,130 --> 00:32:51,160
laboratory where we're getting ready to

703
00:32:55,560 --> 00:32:53,140
perform technology development that will

704
00:32:57,260 --> 00:32:55,570
take us forward to the moon here at

705
00:32:59,720 --> 00:32:57,270
Glenn we have a rich history and

706
00:33:03,080 --> 00:32:59,730
propulsion testing we've been conducting

707
00:33:05,630 --> 00:33:03,090
research development and experimental

708
00:33:08,090 --> 00:33:05,640
testing in our facilities for over 60

709
00:33:10,220 --> 00:33:08,100
years right now we're getting ready to

710
00:33:13,430 --> 00:33:10,230
test the type of system that will take

711
00:33:15,170 --> 00:33:13,440
us forward with the Gateway the new

712
00:33:18,680 --> 00:33:15,180
spacecraft that will be in orbit around

713
00:33:21,320 --> 00:33:18,690

the moon my colleague Dave here is an

714

00:33:24,410 --> 00:33:21,330

expert in electric propulsion Dave we'll

715

00:33:26,000 --> 00:33:24,420

take it from here thanks Deb a team here

716

00:33:27,620 --> 00:33:26,010

at NASA's Glenn Research Center is

717

00:33:28,610 --> 00:33:27,630

working in collaboration with our

718

00:33:30,860 --> 00:33:28,620

colleagues at the Jet Propulsion

719

00:33:32,270 --> 00:33:30,870

Laboratory on the development of a

720

00:33:34,520 --> 00:33:32,280

high-power solar electric propulsion

721

00:33:36,980 --> 00:33:34,530

system in support of deep-space

722

00:33:38,780 --> 00:33:36,990

exploration missions the Intendant

723

00:33:40,040 --> 00:33:38,790

application for this technology is the

724

00:33:42,710 --> 00:33:40,050

gateway that Deb and others have

725

00:33:44,510 --> 00:33:42,720

referred to today the gateway will

726

00:33:46,640 --> 00:33:44,520

enable crew to live and work in deep

727

00:33:48,230 --> 00:33:46,650

space for months at a time and serve as

728

00:33:50,420 --> 00:33:48,240

an outpost for human missions to the

729

00:33:52,160 --> 00:33:50,430

lunar surface the power and propulsion

730

00:33:54,380 --> 00:33:52,170

element will be the first part of the

731

00:33:56,930 --> 00:33:54,390

Gateway and it will provide power

732

00:33:59,150 --> 00:33:56,940

propulsion and communications during the

733

00:34:01,340 --> 00:33:59,160

assembly and operational phases of the

734

00:34:03,020 --> 00:34:01,350

Gateway gateway will utilize solar

735

00:34:05,330 --> 00:34:03,030

electric propulsion to maintain its

736

00:34:08,870 --> 00:34:05,340

position and also move between lunar

737

00:34:10,970 --> 00:34:08,880

orbits back in 2012 we began working on

738

00:34:12,470 --> 00:34:10,980

high-power Hall thruster system

739

00:34:14,780 --> 00:34:12,480

technologies in support of and

740

00:34:16,790 --> 00:34:14,790

affordable beyond low-earth orbit human

741

00:34:18,380 --> 00:34:16,800

exploration architecture the hardware

742

00:34:20,360 --> 00:34:18,390

that you see here in front of me

743

00:34:23,630 --> 00:34:20,370

resulted from that Prout from that

744

00:34:25,909 --> 00:34:23,640

project a hall thruster ionizes neutral

745

00:34:28,010 --> 00:34:25,919

xenon gas and accelerates ions at high

746

00:34:30,440 --> 00:34:28,020

exhaust velocities to create fuel

747

00:34:32,480 --> 00:34:30,450

efficient thrust the power processing

748

00:34:34,190 --> 00:34:32,490

unit takes power from the solar array

749

00:34:36,139 --> 00:34:34,200

and it converts it to the currents and

750

00:34:38,570 --> 00:34:36,149

voltages necessary to operate the

751
00:34:40,430 --> 00:34:38,580
thruster today we're preparing to test

752
00:34:42,380 --> 00:34:40,440
an advanced electric propulsion system

753
00:34:44,120 --> 00:34:42,390
that operates at a power level three

754
00:34:46,520 --> 00:34:44,130
times greater than systems that are

755
00:34:48,350 --> 00:34:46,530
currently used on orbit it also operates

756
00:34:50,840 --> 00:34:48,360
with greater fuel efficiency and for

757
00:34:52,790 --> 00:34:50,850
longer life times than than those types

758
00:34:54,980 --> 00:34:52,800
of systems this is very important for

759
00:34:58,310 --> 00:34:54,990
Gateway let's go inside the vacuum

760
00:34:59,630 --> 00:34:58,320
chamber now with Deb right now we're

761
00:35:02,210 --> 00:34:59,640
inside vf6

762
00:35:03,950 --> 00:35:02,220
this is actually the largest chamber at

763
00:35:06,260 --> 00:35:03,960

Lewis Field vacuum chamber at Lewis

764

00:35:08,000 --> 00:35:06,270

field behind me is the third is a

765

00:35:10,660 --> 00:35:08,010

thruster it's an engineering model

766

00:35:12,190 --> 00:35:10,670

around it is a thermal shroud

767

00:35:13,630 --> 00:35:12,200

this thruster is getting ready to test

768

00:35:16,359 --> 00:35:13,640

actually next week we're gonna be

769

00:35:18,900 --> 00:35:16,369

working on the various probes before the

770

00:35:21,220 --> 00:35:18,910

flight model comes some time in May our

771

00:35:23,140 --> 00:35:21,230

facility before we can actually run the

772

00:35:24,940 --> 00:35:23,150

thruster we have to button up our

773

00:35:27,609 --> 00:35:24,950

facility and we actually have to pump

774

00:35:29,620 --> 00:35:27,619

out all of the air we do that with very

775

00:35:32,500 --> 00:35:29,630

large vacuum pumps both inside the

776

00:35:34,599 --> 00:35:32,510

chamber and outside the chamber but the

777

00:35:37,779 --> 00:35:34,609

chamber walls can be actually chilled

778

00:35:39,819 --> 00:35:37,789

down to minus 320 degrees Fahrenheit and

779

00:35:42,880 --> 00:35:39,829

you can see that the chamber is actually

780

00:35:44,019 --> 00:35:42,890

lined in graphite the reason for that is

781

00:35:46,960 --> 00:35:44,029

that this is an electric propulsion

782

00:35:48,849 --> 00:35:46,970

chamber the thruster plume is energetic

783

00:35:52,089 --> 00:35:48,859

enough to actually erode the walls of

784

00:35:54,849 --> 00:35:52,099

the chamber and that graphite minimizes

785

00:35:56,589 --> 00:35:54,859

both the damage done to the chamber as

786

00:35:59,349 --> 00:35:56,599

well as that chamber of material coming

787

00:36:02,970 --> 00:35:59,359

back and landing on the the thruster

788

00:36:05,289 --> 00:36:02,980

itself so it minimizes the damage done

789

00:36:08,230 --> 00:36:05,299

to in order to create a space

790

00:36:09,609 --> 00:36:08,240

environment such as this we try to do

791

00:36:12,309 --> 00:36:09,619

all of these things that make the

792

00:36:14,200 --> 00:36:12,319

facility more like a space environment

793

00:36:15,069 --> 00:36:14,210

that you would see at moon Mars and

794

00:36:18,730 --> 00:36:15,079

beyond

795

00:36:20,680 --> 00:36:18,740

the f6 is just one of 27 chambers we

796

00:36:23,349 --> 00:36:20,690

have here space simulation facilities we

797

00:36:25,509 --> 00:36:23,359

have here at Glenn and vf6 actually is

798

00:36:28,839 --> 00:36:25,519

the largest electric propulsion capable

799

00:36:30,490 --> 00:36:28,849

chamber in the world right now we're

800

00:36:32,620 --> 00:36:30,500

very fortunate and we get to test these

801
00:36:35,019 --> 00:36:32,630
different types of power and propulsion

802
00:36:37,720 --> 00:36:35,029
systems as we're getting them ready to

803
00:36:39,940 --> 00:36:37,730
fly it'll be it'll be great to be able

804
00:36:43,089 --> 00:36:39,950
to see this this running next week right

805
00:36:45,490 --> 00:36:43,099
Dave that's right at NASA we like to say

806
00:36:46,990 --> 00:36:45,500
that technology drives exploration here

807
00:36:48,910 --> 00:36:47,000
at the Glenn Research Center we're very

808
00:36:50,499 --> 00:36:48,920
excited that electric propulsion is a

809
00:36:52,809 --> 00:36:50,509
part of our sustainable deep-space

810
00:36:54,670 --> 00:36:52,819
exploration missions we look forward to

811
00:36:56,980 --> 00:36:54,680
applying our expertise in solar electric

812
00:37:00,390 --> 00:36:56,990
propulsion to human and robotic missions

813
00:37:06,860 --> 00:37:04,870

nice work Dave and Deb thank you you're

814

00:37:13,610 --> 00:37:06,870

getting applause if you can't hear it

815

00:37:15,020 --> 00:37:13,620

I got a question for you guys just real

816

00:37:16,880 --> 00:37:15,030

quick before you leave what's the next

817

00:37:20,480 --> 00:37:16,890

major milestone in this propulsion

818

00:37:22,640 --> 00:37:20,490

development sure so the hardware that I

819

00:37:25,220 --> 00:37:22,650

showed you earlier was designed and

820

00:37:26,660 --> 00:37:25,230

built by the Glenn and JPL team to

821

00:37:30,080 --> 00:37:26,670

demonstrate feasibility of this

822

00:37:33,020 --> 00:37:30,090

technique for the gateway in 2016 we

823

00:37:34,610 --> 00:37:33,030

selected a industry partner who is

824

00:37:37,310 --> 00:37:34,620

finishing the development of the system

825

00:37:39,320 --> 00:37:37,320

and also qualification for gateway in

826

00:37:41,000 --> 00:37:39,330

the May time frame I think Deb might

827

00:37:43,100 --> 00:37:41,010

have referred to that hardware will be

828

00:37:45,020 --> 00:37:43,110

receiving the first engineering

829

00:37:46,730 --> 00:37:45,030

technology units and we will be

830

00:37:48,470 --> 00:37:46,740

conducting development testing including

831

00:37:50,420 --> 00:37:48,480

functional performance environmental

832

00:37:52,340 --> 00:37:50,430

testing all in all the support of the

833

00:37:55,730 --> 00:37:52,350

Gateway awesome

834

00:37:59,330 --> 00:37:55,740

last question when we think about the

835

00:38:01,490 --> 00:37:59,340

next human outpost in space in orbit

836

00:38:04,310 --> 00:38:01,500

around the moon it's starting in

837

00:38:06,230 --> 00:38:04,320

Cleveland how do the folks of Cleveland

838

00:38:09,710 --> 00:38:06,240

feel about being at the forefront of

839

00:38:11,540 --> 00:38:09,720

this opportunity I think I'll speak on

840

00:38:12,860 --> 00:38:11,550

behalf of the entire team here at the

841

00:38:15,130 --> 00:38:12,870

Glenn Research Center

842

00:38:17,720 --> 00:38:15,140

we're so excited to be a part of this

843

00:38:20,150 --> 00:38:17,730

folks have worked in this area literally

844

00:38:24,230 --> 00:38:20,160

for decades back to this chamber was put

845

00:38:26,390 --> 00:38:24,240

here in 1961 so yeah we're we're beyond

846

00:38:28,360 --> 00:38:26,400

excited to bring that expertise to bear

847

00:38:30,800 --> 00:38:28,370

for such an important thing for NASA

848

00:38:32,600 --> 00:38:30,810

Dave and Deb thank you for your great

849

00:38:34,520 --> 00:38:32,610

work make sure everybody there knows how

850

00:38:38,090 --> 00:38:34,530

grateful we are and we look forward to

851
00:38:40,450 --> 00:38:38,100
making this really a winning achievement

852
00:38:49,890 --> 00:38:40,460
and and thank you for your good work

853
00:38:54,730 --> 00:38:52,660
so we've talked today a lot about the

854
00:38:56,650 --> 00:38:54,740
moon and we have all heard the

855
00:38:58,450 --> 00:38:56,660
president's space policy directive one

856
00:39:00,880 --> 00:38:58,460
which I am charged with carrying out

857
00:39:04,110 --> 00:39:00,890
that today's budget announcement enables

858
00:39:07,420 --> 00:39:04,120
us to achieve to go to the moon

859
00:39:10,990 --> 00:39:07,430
sustainably with international partners

860
00:39:14,380 --> 00:39:11,000
and commercial partners to utilize the

861
00:39:16,240 --> 00:39:14,390
resources of the moon in other words the

862
00:39:18,760 --> 00:39:16,250
hundreds of millions of tons of water

863
00:39:21,610 --> 00:39:18,770

ice that we've already discovered water

864

00:39:24,490 --> 00:39:21,620

ice is air to breathe its water to drink

865

00:39:26,320 --> 00:39:24,500

it is in fact propulsion and it's

866

00:39:29,830 --> 00:39:26,330

available in hundreds of millions of

867

00:39:32,980 --> 00:39:29,840

tons on the surface of the Moon but it's

868

00:39:34,870 --> 00:39:32,990

about more than just those things the

869

00:39:37,090 --> 00:39:34,880

last part of his first base policy

870

00:39:39,940 --> 00:39:37,100

directive says to take these

871

00:39:43,360 --> 00:39:39,950

capabilities for an eventual mission to

872

00:39:47,760 --> 00:39:43,370

Mars so what we're trying to do is prove

873

00:39:51,270 --> 00:39:47,770

capability prove technology retire risk

874

00:39:54,430 --> 00:39:51,280

make sure that what we develop is not a

875

00:39:56,500 --> 00:39:54,440

dead end and in fact has capabilities of

876

00:39:59,770 --> 00:39:56,510

being utilized on another world that

877

00:40:03,340 --> 00:39:59,780

other world of course being Mars let's

878

00:40:05,020 --> 00:40:03,350

talk for a second about Mars and by the

879

00:40:07,240 --> 00:40:05,030

way when we're talking about Mars let's

880

00:40:09,550 --> 00:40:07,250

start talking about the science Mission

881

00:40:10,870 --> 00:40:09,560

Directorate the planetary science

882

00:40:12,610 --> 00:40:10,880

division of the science Mission

883

00:40:16,740 --> 00:40:12,620

Directorate here's what we know about

884

00:40:19,570 --> 00:40:16,750

Mars because of Spirit and Opportunity

885

00:40:22,000 --> 00:40:19,580

we now know that Mars was at one time

886

00:40:24,610 --> 00:40:22,010

covered with water in fact its northern

887

00:40:27,670 --> 00:40:24,620

hemisphere was two-thirds covered with

888

00:40:31,390 --> 00:40:27,680

water and in fact there were there was

889

00:40:34,350 --> 00:40:31,400

flowing water on Mars because of the

890

00:40:37,030 --> 00:40:34,360

maven orbiter we now understand

891

00:40:38,950 --> 00:40:37,040

ultimately what happened to that

892

00:40:41,530 --> 00:40:38,960

atmosphere on Mars when you talk about

893

00:40:42,820 --> 00:40:41,540

an ocean what you mean is yes there was

894

00:40:44,470 --> 00:40:42,830

an ocean but that means there was a

895

00:40:45,880 --> 00:40:44,480

thick atmosphere as well and at the same

896

00:40:48,580 --> 00:40:45,890

time that means there must have been a

897

00:40:50,230 --> 00:40:48,590

magnetosphere protecting Mars from all

898

00:40:53,860 --> 00:40:50,240

of that radiation coming from the Sun

899

00:40:55,600 --> 00:40:53,870

and from deep space we know that to be

900

00:41:00,580 --> 00:40:55,610

the case now because of Spirit and

901
00:41:02,020 --> 00:41:00,590
Opportunity and maven all of these

902
00:41:04,810 --> 00:41:02,030
things collude to say that

903
00:41:07,570 --> 00:41:04,820
one time in Mars's history it was

904
00:41:12,360 --> 00:41:07,580
habitable I'm not suggesting that it was

905
00:41:16,060 --> 00:41:12,370
inhabited but it was habitable and

906
00:41:19,120 --> 00:41:16,070
here's what we know now because of the

907
00:41:21,430 --> 00:41:19,130
Curiosity rover we now know that there

908
00:41:23,530 --> 00:41:21,440
are complex organic compounds on the

909
00:41:26,560 --> 00:41:23,540
surface of Mars and by the way that

910
00:41:29,110 --> 00:41:26,570
discovery is just in the last year we

911
00:41:31,210 --> 00:41:29,120
now know in the last year that the

912
00:41:34,530 --> 00:41:31,220
methane cycles of Mars are perfectly

913
00:41:37,810 --> 00:41:34,540

commensurate with the seasons of Mars

914

00:41:41,950 --> 00:41:37,820

complex organic compounds friends don't

915

00:41:44,400 --> 00:41:41,960

exist on the moon but they exist on Mars

916

00:41:48,010 --> 00:41:44,410

and of course they're all over Earth

917

00:41:50,290 --> 00:41:48,020

they are the building blocks of life the

918

00:41:53,320 --> 00:41:50,300

probability that we might find life on

919

00:41:55,150 --> 00:41:53,330

another world has gone up when the

920

00:41:56,980 --> 00:41:55,160

methane cycles are commensurate with the

921

00:41:59,560 --> 00:41:56,990

seasons again it doesn't guarantee that

922

00:42:01,870 --> 00:41:59,570

there's life but the probability of life

923

00:42:04,030 --> 00:42:01,880

on another world just went up again now

924

00:42:06,160 --> 00:42:04,040

I'm not talking about bunny rabbits I

925

00:42:09,400 --> 00:42:06,170

want to be clear I'm talking about

926

00:42:13,300 --> 00:42:09,410

microbial life and I think it's

927

00:42:15,790 --> 00:42:13,310

important and this budget funds our

928

00:42:18,610 --> 00:42:15,800

ability to reach out to another world

929

00:42:28,799 --> 00:42:18,620

and find potentially life on another

930

00:42:36,009 --> 00:42:31,719

so how do we do that this budget fully

931

00:42:38,439 --> 00:42:36,019

funds Mars 2020 this is an amazing

932

00:42:42,249 --> 00:42:38,449

capability for the first time we are

933

00:42:44,739 --> 00:42:42,259

going to cash samples of Mars for an

934

00:42:46,779 --> 00:42:44,749

eventual return we're also going to

935

00:42:49,630 --> 00:42:46,789

figure out how do we use the carbon

936

00:42:51,189 --> 00:42:49,640

dioxide of Mars to create oxygen that

937

00:42:54,160 --> 00:42:51,199

eventually humans will be able to

938

00:42:57,099 --> 00:42:54,170

breathe and even more exciting we are

939

00:43:00,130 --> 00:42:57,109

going to for the first time fly a

940

00:43:09,279 --> 00:43:00,140

helicopter on another world with the

941

00:43:15,499 --> 00:43:12,259

Mars 2020 is fully funded in this budget

942

00:43:18,049 --> 00:43:15,509

request but even more a Mars sample

943

00:43:25,299 --> 00:43:18,059

return is also funded in this budget

944

00:43:32,179 --> 00:43:29,299

the moon is the proving ground Mars is

945

00:43:35,569 --> 00:43:32,189

the Horizon goal and it requires an

946

00:43:36,890 --> 00:43:35,579

all-of-the-above approach I'm going to

947

00:43:38,479 --> 00:43:36,900

anchor on the science Mission

948

00:43:40,969 --> 00:43:38,489

Directorate just a second because I need

949

00:43:44,059 --> 00:43:40,979

to give a lot of credit to a lot of

950

00:43:45,469 --> 00:43:44,069

people when I was home over the holidays

951
00:43:47,779 --> 00:43:45,479
a number of very important things

952
00:43:50,239 --> 00:43:47,789
happened osiris-rex entered orbit around

953
00:43:52,069 --> 00:43:50,249
Ben knew the smallest object that we've

954
00:43:54,499 --> 00:43:52,079
ever been able to orbit in human history

955
00:43:58,039 --> 00:43:54,509
and because of that we're going to have

956
00:44:00,289 --> 00:43:58,049
this little robot ultimately do a sample

957
00:44:05,599 --> 00:44:00,299
return from Ben you an asteroid in deep

958
00:44:08,029 --> 00:44:05,609
space and just a few days later we

959
00:44:10,880 --> 00:44:08,039
thought we flew by Ultima Thule with New

960
00:44:12,620 --> 00:44:10,890
Horizons 4 billion miles from Earth on

961
00:44:15,319 --> 00:44:12,630
the other side of Pluto in the Kuiper

962
00:44:18,499 --> 00:44:15,329
belt and we're getting beautiful image

963
00:44:21,079 --> 00:44:18,509

images of this asteroid in the Kuiper

964

00:44:23,479 --> 00:44:21,089

belt that is a binary contact and of

965

00:44:25,880 --> 00:44:23,489

course before we did this flyby we had

966

00:44:27,890 --> 00:44:25,890

no idea what this object would look like

967

00:44:30,199 --> 00:44:27,900

but now we know and we're getting

968

00:44:32,329 --> 00:44:30,209

valuable scientific information the

969

00:44:36,199 --> 00:44:32,339

science Mission Directorate friends in

970

00:44:39,049 --> 00:44:36,209

this budget is funded very very well and

971

00:44:42,019 --> 00:44:39,059

it is in fact healthy so that takes us

972

00:44:44,870 --> 00:44:42,029

back to this all of NASA approach if

973

00:44:46,339 --> 00:44:44,880

we're gonna fly humans to Mars what

974

00:44:47,929 --> 00:44:46,349

other parts of the science Mission

975

00:44:50,269 --> 00:44:47,939

Directorate do we need to understand do

976

00:44:51,769 --> 00:44:50,279

we need to fund and understand well if

977

00:44:53,199 --> 00:44:51,779

we're gonna take humans to Mars they're

978

00:44:55,609 --> 00:44:53,209

gonna have to travel through deep space

979

00:44:58,249 --> 00:44:55,619

one of the most dangerous elements of

980

00:45:00,109 --> 00:44:58,259

deep space is of course the radiation

981

00:45:02,209 --> 00:45:00,119

that comes from the Sun and radiation

982

00:45:05,779 --> 00:45:02,219

that comes from deep space we need to

983

00:45:07,640 --> 00:45:05,789

better understand how the Sun puts this

984

00:45:10,909 --> 00:45:07,650

radiation into space we need to be able

985

00:45:14,239 --> 00:45:10,919

to in fact predict solar flares and

986

00:45:15,769 --> 00:45:14,249

coronal mass ejections because if we're

987

00:45:17,509 --> 00:45:15,779

not able to predict that and our

988

00:45:19,339 --> 00:45:17,519

astronauts end up in the middle of

989

00:45:20,220 --> 00:45:19,349

something like that it could be very

990

00:45:22,290 --> 00:45:20,230

damaging for

991

00:45:24,900 --> 00:45:22,300

their health so when it comes to

992

00:45:26,970 --> 00:45:24,910

heliophysics Parker Solar Probe is fully

993

00:45:29,160 --> 00:45:26,980

funded and of course we are following

994

00:45:31,320 --> 00:45:29,170

the guidance of the de kado surveys for

995

00:45:33,870 --> 00:45:31,330

heliophysics so that ultimately we can

996

00:45:35,970 --> 00:45:33,880

understand how the Sun interacts with

997

00:45:38,220 --> 00:45:35,980

the earth other planetary bodies and

998

00:45:40,650 --> 00:45:38,230

ultimately be able to predict so we can

999

00:45:43,440 --> 00:45:40,660

provide protection for humans here on

1000

00:45:47,010 --> 00:45:43,450

earth not just on Mars to be clear I

1001

00:45:48,930 --> 00:45:47,020

want to be clear on this if we have a

1002

00:45:52,320 --> 00:45:48,940

coronal mass ejection

1003

00:45:54,630 --> 00:45:52,330

like a Carrington event in the 1800s it

1004

00:45:56,849 --> 00:45:54,640

could be very damaging for humankind

1005

00:45:59,700 --> 00:45:56,859

imagine not having the power grid work

1006

00:46:02,070 --> 00:45:59,710

or your cell towers work that could be

1007

00:46:03,810 --> 00:46:02,080

existential so we need to be very good

1008

00:46:05,310 --> 00:46:03,820

at being able to predict when these kind

1009

00:46:07,230 --> 00:46:05,320

of events are going to occur and within

1010

00:46:08,910 --> 00:46:07,240

the science Mission Directorate we are

1011

00:46:12,270 --> 00:46:08,920

funding those capabilities with the

1012

00:46:15,590 --> 00:46:12,280

Parker Solar Probe and others and that

1013

00:46:18,530 --> 00:46:15,600

takes us out from the Sun to the earth

1014

00:46:21,480 --> 00:46:18,540

the president has now signed into law

1015

00:46:23,490 --> 00:46:21,490

the highest earth science budget in the

1016

00:46:25,650 --> 00:46:23,500

history of the United States of America

1017

00:46:35,190 --> 00:46:25,660

every year he has been the president of

1018

00:46:42,750 --> 00:46:40,050

and this budget request is higher than

1019

00:46:45,720 --> 00:46:42,760

five of the of the budgets that came out

1020

00:46:48,359 --> 00:46:45,730

of the previous administration when I

1021

00:46:49,589 --> 00:46:48,369

came to NASA I committed to Congress and

1022

00:46:51,510 --> 00:46:49,599

I commit to you now

1023

00:46:52,890 --> 00:46:51,520

that the Earth Science Division of the

1024

00:46:56,490 --> 00:46:52,900

science Mission Directorate would be

1025

00:46:57,150 --> 00:46:56,500

strong that we would move forward no

1026
00:46:59,040 --> 00:46:57,160
kidding

1027
00:47:01,829 --> 00:46:59,050
with the de kado surveys that come from

1028
00:47:05,099 --> 00:47:01,839
the National Academy of Sciences in all

1029
00:47:06,780 --> 00:47:05,109
of their agenda items starting with

1030
00:47:09,089 --> 00:47:06,790
understanding the interaction with the

1031
00:47:11,550 --> 00:47:09,099
water cycle and the energy cycle

1032
00:47:15,270 --> 00:47:11,560
ultimately being able to predict weather

1033
00:47:17,819 --> 00:47:15,280
and air quality understanding natural

1034
00:47:20,280 --> 00:47:17,829
disasters and how they occur when we

1035
00:47:22,829 --> 00:47:20,290
think about ecosystem change which

1036
00:47:24,839 --> 00:47:22,839
friends it is changing carbon dioxide is

1037
00:47:25,920 --> 00:47:24,849
in the atmosphere in levels that we've

1038
00:47:27,660 --> 00:47:25,930

never seen before

1039

00:47:31,170 --> 00:47:27,670

we are responsible for that it is a

1040

00:47:34,230 --> 00:47:31,180

greenhouse gas nASA has an obligation to

1041

00:47:36,990 --> 00:47:34,240

continue studying these activities we

1042

00:47:39,240 --> 00:47:37,000

want to reduce climate uncertainty and

1043

00:47:41,760 --> 00:47:39,250

what we do when we study the planet is

1044

00:47:44,099 --> 00:47:41,770

we sense the earth and every part of the

1045

00:47:45,960 --> 00:47:44,109

electromagnetic spectrum and we share

1046

00:47:48,809 --> 00:47:45,970

that information with the world

1047

00:47:51,510 --> 00:47:48,819

and we do it for free NASA is an agency

1048

00:47:53,309 --> 00:47:51,520

we don't do policy we don't make

1049

00:47:55,680 --> 00:47:53,319

recommendations about what to do with

1050

00:47:57,930 --> 00:47:55,690

what we learn but what we do is we study

1051

00:47:59,970 --> 00:47:57,940

the earth and as I committed from the

1052

00:48:02,069 --> 00:47:59,980

beginning we are studying the earth with

1053

00:48:04,829 --> 00:48:02,079

as strong a budget as we have seen

1054

00:48:06,990 --> 00:48:04,839

really in a very long time right now and

1055

00:48:18,040 --> 00:48:07,000

this budget request for earth science is

1056

00:48:23,300 --> 00:48:20,660

let's talk about astrophysics for a

1057

00:48:27,880 --> 00:48:23,310

while talk about some exciting

1058

00:48:31,700 --> 00:48:27,890

discoveries you know what's amazing is

1059

00:48:34,790 --> 00:48:31,710

we're learning more about not just our

1060

00:48:37,760 --> 00:48:34,800

solar system not just about our galaxy

1061

00:48:41,000 --> 00:48:37,770

but in fact about the entire universe

1062

00:48:42,829 --> 00:48:41,010

all the time now we're discovering new

1063

00:48:46,400 --> 00:48:42,839

planets around other stars the de kado

1064

00:48:47,300 --> 00:48:46,410

Survey for astrophysics wants us to see

1065

00:48:50,690 --> 00:48:47,310

no kidding

1066

00:48:54,230 --> 00:48:50,700

the beginning of the universe what we

1067

00:48:57,770 --> 00:48:54,240

call cosmic dawn to see the first light

1068

00:49:00,710 --> 00:48:57,780

in the universe light from stars light

1069

00:49:03,859 --> 00:49:00,720

from galaxies to even assess the

1070

00:49:05,630 --> 00:49:03,869

earliest black holes and friends were

1071

00:49:07,250 --> 00:49:05,640

starting because of these capabilities

1072

00:49:09,010 --> 00:49:07,260

that have been launched in previous

1073

00:49:12,109 --> 00:49:09,020

decades we're starting to understand

1074

00:49:15,859 --> 00:49:12,119

physics astrophysics in a way that

1075

00:49:18,380 --> 00:49:15,869

previously was only theory and for now

1076

00:49:21,370 --> 00:49:18,390

for the first time we're proving out the

1077

00:49:23,180 --> 00:49:21,380

reality of the theory of relativity

1078

00:49:25,910 --> 00:49:23,190

Einstein and all of these other things

1079

00:49:27,770 --> 00:49:25,920

we're seeing it for the first time well

1080

00:49:29,900 --> 00:49:27,780

we now know because of these missions we

1081

00:49:35,000 --> 00:49:29,910

talked about Hubble and Chandra and

1082

00:49:38,450 --> 00:49:35,010

Spitzer and Kepler we now know that the

1083

00:49:40,940 --> 00:49:38,460

universe is not only expanding but it's

1084

00:49:44,210 --> 00:49:40,950

expanding at an ever-increasing rate it

1085

00:49:47,650 --> 00:49:44,220

is in fact accelerating and the question

1086

00:49:51,829 --> 00:49:47,660

is why and we talk about things like

1087

00:49:54,500 --> 00:49:51,839

dark matter which we now know is most of

1088

00:49:56,540 --> 00:49:54,510

the matter in the universe we can't

1089

00:49:58,460 --> 00:49:56,550

interact with it we can't see it but we

1090

00:50:02,750 --> 00:49:58,470

know it's there because we can see its

1091

00:50:05,540 --> 00:50:02,760

gravitational effects and of course when

1092

00:50:07,250 --> 00:50:05,550

we talk about the acceleration usually

1093

00:50:08,089 --> 00:50:07,260

matter has this gravity and it pulls

1094

00:50:10,490 --> 00:50:08,099

things together

1095

00:50:14,960 --> 00:50:10,500

but instead the universe is accelerating

1096

00:50:19,579 --> 00:50:14,970

faster and faster away from this point

1097

00:50:23,300 --> 00:50:19,589

and so we used words like dark energy is

1098

00:50:25,250 --> 00:50:23,310

causing this to happen well in order to

1099

00:50:27,230 --> 00:50:25,260

learn more about this kind of activity

1100

00:50:29,870 --> 00:50:27,240

we need to be able to see very but to

1101

00:50:30,289 --> 00:50:29,880

the very beginning we need to be able to

1102

00:50:32,509 --> 00:50:30,299

see

1103

00:50:35,929 --> 00:50:32,519

that cosmic dawn the first light in the

1104

00:50:37,519 --> 00:50:35,939

universe and I will tell you it has been

1105

00:50:39,529 --> 00:50:37,529

a challenge for me is your NASA

1106

00:50:41,059 --> 00:50:39,539

Administrator to go up to the hill and

1107

00:50:43,880 --> 00:50:41,069

talk about the James Webb Space

1108

00:50:47,359 --> 00:50:43,890

Telescope some of you might have seen

1109

00:50:49,579 --> 00:50:47,369

those hearings and they're not fun but I

1110

00:50:51,949 --> 00:50:49,589

will also tell you this this

1111

00:50:54,169 --> 00:50:51,959

administration is committed to the James

1112

00:50:57,049 --> 00:50:54,179

Webb Space Telescope and we have

1113

00:50:59,959 --> 00:50:57,059

bipartisan support for the James Webb

1114

00:51:02,209 --> 00:50:59,969

Space Telescope and it is our agenda our

1115

00:51:04,939 --> 00:51:02,219

number one agenda for James Webb is

1116

00:51:06,859 --> 00:51:04,949

mission success we can talk about

1117

00:51:09,229 --> 00:51:06,869

budgets and we can talk about schedules

1118

00:51:10,729 --> 00:51:09,239

but at this point this mission is so

1119

00:51:13,429 --> 00:51:10,739

important to the United States of

1120

00:51:16,249 --> 00:51:13,439

America and here's why we're talking

1121

00:51:19,539 --> 00:51:16,259

about establishing America as the lead

1122

00:51:22,160 --> 00:51:19,549

in physics for the next 30 years

1123

00:51:24,769 --> 00:51:22,170

when James Webb Space Telescope is

1124

00:51:26,870 --> 00:51:24,779

launched and we're able to see cosmic

1125

00:51:30,259 --> 00:51:26,880

dawn it establishes the United States as

1126

00:51:33,859 --> 00:51:30,269

the leader of physics for the next 30

1127

00:51:35,689 --> 00:51:33,869

years but it goes beyond that sure we

1128

00:51:38,380 --> 00:51:35,699

want to lead but we also want to

1129

00:51:40,789 --> 00:51:38,390

discover we have models and ideas about

1130

00:51:43,880 --> 00:51:40,799

really what the universe looked like in

1131

00:51:45,589 --> 00:51:43,890

those days but we're gonna know and I

1132

00:51:49,069 --> 00:51:45,599

can tell you this here's what we already

1133

00:51:51,439 --> 00:51:49,079

know the models aren't right so this is

1134

00:51:53,120 --> 00:51:51,449

an exciting time the other thing that's

1135

00:51:55,309 --> 00:51:53,130

important that this comes straight from

1136

00:51:59,390 --> 00:51:55,319

the de kado survey we want to be able to

1137

00:52:00,949 --> 00:51:59,400

look at other stars and not only look at

1138

00:52:03,279 --> 00:52:00,959

those stars but look at other planets

1139

00:52:06,370 --> 00:52:03,289

around those stars and characterize

1140

00:52:10,459 --> 00:52:06,380

those planets as to their habitability

1141

00:52:13,279 --> 00:52:10,469

could those planets be able to host life

1142

00:52:15,469 --> 00:52:13,289

and James Webb is going to give us an

1143

00:52:17,689 --> 00:52:15,479

opportunity to look at the light as it

1144

00:52:19,880 --> 00:52:17,699

you know transfer you transfers through

1145

00:52:21,410 --> 00:52:19,890

that atmosphere certain parts of the

1146

00:52:23,359 --> 00:52:21,420

Elector for certain parts of the

1147

00:52:24,410 --> 00:52:23,369

spectrum are not going to make it

1148

00:52:26,660 --> 00:52:24,420

through and we're going to be able to

1149

00:52:28,839 --> 00:52:26,670

determine the atmospheres of planets

1150

00:52:32,150 --> 00:52:28,849

around other stars and make assessments

1151

00:52:36,349 --> 00:52:32,160

as to characterize if you will the

1152

00:52:38,809 --> 00:52:36,359

atmospheres of those planets James Webb

1153

00:52:39,510 --> 00:52:38,819

is going to be an amazing capability for

1154

00:52:43,110 --> 00:52:39,520

the United State

1155

00:52:45,900 --> 00:52:43,120

of America as we're on astrophysics I

1156

00:52:50,820 --> 00:52:45,910

also want to make one last statement

1157

00:52:52,770 --> 00:52:50,830

that I think is important we talked

1158

00:52:54,300 --> 00:52:52,780

about the Gateway and how it's going to

1159

00:52:56,070 --> 00:52:54,310

give us access to the surface of the

1160

00:52:58,530 --> 00:52:56,080

Moon we want humans on the moon we want

1161

00:52:59,850 --> 00:52:58,540

robots and Landers and Rovers we want to

1162

00:53:02,490 --> 00:52:59,860

get to more parts of the moon than ever

1163

00:53:05,070 --> 00:53:02,500

before the Gateway is not just about

1164

00:53:06,840 --> 00:53:05,080

getting to the moon it's not just about

1165

00:53:09,300 --> 00:53:06,850

studying the moon from an orbit around

1166

00:53:12,630 --> 00:53:09,310

the moon the Gateway gives us an

1167

00:53:16,200 --> 00:53:12,640

opportunity to study deep space from a

1168

00:53:17,850 --> 00:53:16,210

human tended Space Station which gives

1169

00:53:20,100 --> 00:53:17,860

us a capability that heretofore we've

1170

00:53:22,080 --> 00:53:20,110

never seen here's what we know on the

1171

00:53:24,690 --> 00:53:22,090

far side of the Moon it is very quiet

1172

00:53:27,240 --> 00:53:24,700

why is it so quiet because all of the

1173

00:53:30,540 --> 00:53:27,250

electromagnet electromagnetic radiation

1174

00:53:33,660 --> 00:53:30,550

that we create it's quiet on the far

1175

00:53:36,240 --> 00:53:33,670

side of the moon so we can image deep

1176
00:53:38,880 --> 00:53:36,250
space in parts of the electromagnetic

1177
00:53:41,310 --> 00:53:38,890
sensitive or electromagnetic spectrum

1178
00:53:43,950 --> 00:53:41,320
that we can't currently image deep space

1179
00:53:45,990 --> 00:53:43,960
with and by the way it's not just

1180
00:53:49,530 --> 00:53:46,000
gateway but it's also surface activities

1181
00:53:52,640 --> 00:53:49,540
we can do astrophysics from the surface

1182
00:53:55,020 --> 00:53:52,650
of the Moon with very thin wire antennas

1183
00:53:58,500 --> 00:53:55,030
now that's maybe not in this budget

1184
00:54:00,540 --> 00:53:58,510
request but the gateway opens to the

1185
00:54:05,220 --> 00:54:00,550
door to all of these capabilities in the

1186
00:54:09,360 --> 00:54:05,230
future so in closing I want everybody to

1187
00:54:12,350 --> 00:54:09,370
know that NASA's budget request is very

1188
00:54:14,820 --> 00:54:12,360

good and we have bipartisan support

1189

00:54:17,460 --> 00:54:14,830

which I have been committed to from the

1190

00:54:19,740 --> 00:54:17,470

beginning for NASA not just in the house

1191

00:54:21,510 --> 00:54:19,750

but also in the Senate and we're going

1192

00:54:23,310 --> 00:54:21,520

to be able to accomplish more than we've

1193

00:54:25,560 --> 00:54:23,320

ever been able to accomplish before

1194

00:54:27,870 --> 00:54:25,570

because of the administration support

1195

00:54:34,620 --> 00:54:27,880

and bipartisan support so what does that

1196

00:54:38,160 --> 00:54:34,630

mean for us friends we need to make sure

1197

00:54:40,110 --> 00:54:38,170

that when we consider our agency I just

1198

00:54:41,490 --> 00:54:40,120

talked about heliophysics and how

1199

00:54:43,980 --> 00:54:41,500

important it is if we're gonna send

1200

00:54:45,840 --> 00:54:43,990

astronauts to Mars how important is

1201
00:54:48,240 --> 00:54:45,850
heliophysics for the lives of those

1202
00:54:49,400 --> 00:54:48,250
astronauts but just not those astronauts

1203
00:54:51,650 --> 00:54:49,410
but also the

1204
00:54:54,530 --> 00:54:51,660
and the rovers and the robots that means

1205
00:54:57,560 --> 00:54:54,540
heliophysics is a critical piece of our

1206
00:55:00,110 --> 00:54:57,570
moon to Mars capability and it goes

1207
00:55:02,960 --> 00:55:00,120
beyond that I was in the hotel this

1208
00:55:05,090 --> 00:55:02,970
morning and I was talking to a lady who

1209
00:55:07,520 --> 00:55:05,100
had the opportunity to visit the Kennedy

1210
00:55:09,560 --> 00:55:07,530
Space Center and she said one of the

1211
00:55:11,900 --> 00:55:09,570
things that was most striking to her and

1212
00:55:14,540 --> 00:55:11,910
Bob Cabana this is a compliment to you

1213
00:55:17,380 --> 00:55:14,550

and your whole team she ran into

1214

00:55:20,360 --> 00:55:17,390

somebody at the Kennedy Space Center and

1215

00:55:22,490 --> 00:55:20,370

asked him what he did and he said well

1216

00:55:25,550 --> 00:55:22,500

I'm helping us go to the moon and on to

1217

00:55:28,160 --> 00:55:25,560

Mars that was his answer and she said

1218

00:55:31,430 --> 00:55:28,170

okay well what do you do and he said I'm

1219

00:55:34,820 --> 00:55:31,440

a custodian friends these objectives are

1220

00:55:37,430 --> 00:55:34,830

an all of NASA approach every Center

1221

00:55:39,980 --> 00:55:37,440

that we operate all ten of them are

1222

00:55:42,230 --> 00:55:39,990

critical to this mission and every

1223

00:55:44,810 --> 00:55:42,240

Mission Directorate is critical to

1224

00:55:47,120 --> 00:55:44,820

achieving these goals including the

1225

00:55:49,730 --> 00:55:47,130

Mission Support Directorate we talked

1226

00:55:52,310 --> 00:55:49,740

about the infrastructure and in some

1227

00:55:55,400 --> 00:55:52,320

cases infrastructure often becomes a

1228

00:55:57,260 --> 00:55:55,410

target but friends we can't accomplish

1229

00:55:59,150 --> 00:55:57,270

any of these objectives without the

1230

00:56:01,550 --> 00:55:59,160

infrastructure as well so the Mission

1231

00:56:05,120 --> 00:56:01,560

Support Director Directorate is also a

1232

00:56:07,550 --> 00:56:05,130

critical capability for our shared

1233

00:56:10,460 --> 00:56:07,560

achievement in heading to the moon and

1234

00:56:12,290 --> 00:56:10,470

on to Mars so I just want to share with

1235

00:56:13,850 --> 00:56:12,300

you one last thing for all the people

1236

00:56:16,150 --> 00:56:13,860

that are watching I see a lot of TV

1237

00:56:19,370 --> 00:56:16,160

cameras and maybe some social media I

1238

00:56:26,000 --> 00:56:19,380

want to encourage everybody to visit

1239

00:56:31,580 --> 00:56:26,010

nasa.gov slash moon to Mars nasa.gov

1240

00:56:34,100 --> 00:56:31,590

slash moon to Mars I want you to go to

1241

00:56:36,980 --> 00:56:34,110

the website and I want you to learn for

1242

00:56:39,530 --> 00:56:36,990

the NASA employees here I want you to

1243

00:56:41,360 --> 00:56:39,540

figure out how you can communicate all

1244

00:56:43,970 --> 00:56:41,370

of these great things that we are trying

1245

00:56:46,880 --> 00:56:43,980

to achieve to the public engage on

1246

00:56:49,130 --> 00:56:46,890

social media I want you to engage on

1247

00:56:52,010 --> 00:56:49,140

social media if you have Twitter or

1248

00:56:55,070 --> 00:56:52,020

Facebook or just talk to your friends

1249

00:56:57,910 --> 00:56:55,080

make sure you are letting them know what

1250

00:57:00,050 --> 00:56:57,920

we are doing and why because this is

1251
00:57:02,060 --> 00:57:00,060
transformational and it's only going to

1252
00:57:05,810 --> 00:57:02,070
happen if all of America

1253
00:57:09,680 --> 00:57:05,820
in the other day I went to the world Ag

1254
00:57:12,050 --> 00:57:09,690
Expo and everybody was like why is the

1255
00:57:15,200 --> 00:57:12,060
NASA Administrator going to the world Ag

1256
00:57:17,120 --> 00:57:15,210
Expo I'll tell you why because we need

1257
00:57:19,520 --> 00:57:17,130
all of America to understand how we have

1258
00:57:21,290 --> 00:57:19,530
changed the human condition when it

1259
00:57:23,510 --> 00:57:21,300
comes to agriculture we're sensing every

1260
00:57:26,000 --> 00:57:23,520
part though the earth and every part of

1261
00:57:29,620 --> 00:57:26,010
the electromagnetic spectrum and sharing

1262
00:57:32,510 --> 00:57:29,630
that with the world well who needs that

1263
00:57:33,860 --> 00:57:32,520

farmers sometimes need that we have an

1264

00:57:35,870 --> 00:57:33,870

agreement with the Cooperative Extension

1265

00:57:37,820 --> 00:57:35,880

of the University of California where

1266

00:57:40,130 --> 00:57:37,830

we're taking that great information and

1267

00:57:42,580 --> 00:57:40,140

sharing it with them to the point where

1268

00:57:46,040 --> 00:57:42,590

they are able to increase crop yields

1269

00:57:48,230 --> 00:57:46,050

while reducing their water usage by 25%

1270

00:57:50,950 --> 00:57:48,240

and by the way in the desert of

1271

00:57:53,270 --> 00:57:50,960

California that is a big deal

1272

00:57:55,970 --> 00:57:53,280

and at the same time because they're not

1273

00:57:57,770 --> 00:57:55,980

watering so much preserving 50% of the

1274

00:57:59,900 --> 00:57:57,780

nitrites that normally would have eroded

1275

00:58:02,240 --> 00:57:59,910

into the water supply those nitrites

1276

00:58:03,410 --> 00:58:02,250

help the plants grow and guess what when

1277

00:58:05,000 --> 00:58:03,420

they're in the water supply they're very

1278

00:58:06,620 --> 00:58:05,010

bad for humans and it costs a lot of

1279

00:58:09,800 --> 00:58:06,630

money to get them out of the water

1280

00:58:11,330 --> 00:58:09,810

supply so we're saving money increasing

1281

00:58:12,890 --> 00:58:11,340

crop yields the plants are doing much

1282

00:58:14,900 --> 00:58:12,900

better because the nitrates are actually

1283

00:58:16,790 --> 00:58:14,910

in the soil where they ought to be and

1284

00:58:18,620 --> 00:58:16,800

they're able to achieve these because

1285

00:58:21,170 --> 00:58:18,630

the Earth Science Division of the

1286

00:58:22,610 --> 00:58:21,180

science Mission Directorate is providing

1287

00:58:25,010 --> 00:58:22,620

this data to the Cooperative Extension

1288

00:58:28,310 --> 00:58:25,020

of the University of California in a

1289

00:58:30,800 --> 00:58:28,320

small scale what does this mean for the

1290

00:58:34,070 --> 00:58:30,810

future when I was at the world Ag Expo I

1291

00:58:37,700 --> 00:58:34,080

talked about doing it for Uganda Uganda

1292

00:58:40,250 --> 00:58:37,710

was able to use NASA technology to to be

1293

00:58:42,590 --> 00:58:40,260

made aware of a drought that was on the

1294

00:58:45,500 --> 00:58:42,600

horizon we can we can detect plant

1295

00:58:47,870 --> 00:58:45,510

stress long before humans can detect

1296

00:58:50,690 --> 00:58:47,880

plant stress we can do it from space and

1297

00:58:52,700 --> 00:58:50,700

because of that instead of spending tens

1298

00:58:54,830 --> 00:58:52,710

of millions of dollars doing disaster

1299

00:58:56,870 --> 00:58:54,840

relief we spent a couple of million

1300

00:59:00,770 --> 00:58:56,880

mitigating the disaster before it

1301
00:59:02,620 --> 00:59:00,780
happened saving lives saving money but

1302
00:59:05,480 --> 00:59:02,630
friends it's not just about crops

1303
00:59:07,700 --> 00:59:05,490
although crops are a critical piece the

1304
00:59:10,340 --> 00:59:07,710
way we communicate DirecTV Dish Network

1305
00:59:12,740 --> 00:59:10,350
Internet broadband from space XM radio

1306
00:59:14,290 --> 00:59:12,750
sending high-resolution motion pictures

1307
00:59:17,320 --> 00:59:14,300
all over the world for nationals

1308
00:59:19,170 --> 00:59:17,330
and defense communications born from

1309
00:59:22,390 --> 00:59:19,180
this little agency we call NASA

1310
00:59:24,520 --> 00:59:22,400
space-based communications we talk about

1311
00:59:26,320 --> 00:59:24,530
how we navigate with GPS how we produce

1312
00:59:28,900 --> 00:59:26,330
food which we just talked about how we

1313
00:59:30,970 --> 00:59:28,910

produce energy geo carb another Earth

1314

00:59:33,040 --> 00:59:30,980

Science Division mission that is helping

1315

00:59:36,130 --> 00:59:33,050

us make sure that as we produce energy

1316

00:59:38,230 --> 00:59:36,140

were not polluting the atmosphere and

1317

00:59:39,520 --> 00:59:38,240

that by the way the energy companies

1318

00:59:43,870 --> 00:59:39,530

love that because then they don't get

1319

00:59:46,890 --> 00:59:43,880

fined which is a good thing the way the

1320

00:59:49,120 --> 00:59:46,900

way we do weather prediction and

1321

00:59:52,510 --> 00:59:49,130

understand the climate the way we do

1322

00:59:56,920 --> 00:59:52,520

disaster relief in national security the

1323

00:59:58,510 --> 00:59:56,930

way we do banking 84 all of the banking

1324

01:00:00,490 --> 00:59:58,520

transactions in the United States of

1325

01:00:02,860 --> 01:00:00,500

America are dependent on a timing signal

1326

01:00:04,990 --> 01:00:02,870

from GPS a lot of people don't realize

1327

01:00:06,220 --> 01:00:05,000

that the way we regulate the the flows

1328

01:00:08,850 --> 01:00:06,230

of electricity on the power grid

1329

01:00:11,200 --> 01:00:08,860

dependent on a timing signal from GPS

1330

01:00:14,140 --> 01:00:11,210

terrestrial wireless networks dependent

1331

01:00:16,660 --> 01:00:14,150

on a timing signal from GPS when we

1332

01:00:20,800 --> 01:00:16,670

think about how we have elevated the

1333

01:00:23,410 --> 01:00:20,810

human condition this little agency that

1334

01:00:26,800 --> 01:00:23,420

constitutes one one-half less than 1/2

1335

01:00:29,080 --> 01:00:26,810

of 1% of the federal budget this little

1336

01:00:30,960 --> 01:00:29,090

agency has elevated the human condition

1337

01:00:34,450 --> 01:00:30,970

in ways that most people don't even know

1338

01:00:36,370 --> 01:00:34,460

it's on us to let them know it's on us

1339

01:00:39,280 --> 01:00:36,380

as the NASA employees the NASA workforce

1340

01:00:41,470 --> 01:00:39,290

that includes our contractors as well

1341

01:00:43,300 --> 01:00:41,480

let them know what we are doing to

1342

01:00:45,430 --> 01:00:43,310

elevate the human condition not just for

1343

01:00:49,420 --> 01:00:45,440

the United States but for the entire

1344

01:00:51,580 --> 01:00:49,430

world this is an amazing agency and I

1345

01:00:53,890 --> 01:00:51,590

got to tell you I am overwhelmingly

1346

01:00:55,650 --> 01:00:53,900

humbled every day when I get up and I

1347

01:00:58,990 --> 01:00:55,660

have the opportunity to interact with

1348

01:01:03,610 --> 01:00:59,000

the just amazingly talented people that

1349

01:01:06,100 --> 01:01:03,620

work here so I want to say no this NASA

1350

01:01:07,720 --> 01:01:06,110

is going to get a healthy budget the

1351

01:01:09,550 --> 01:01:07,730

administration is supporting it

1352

01:01:11,590 --> 01:01:09,560

we've got bipartisan support in the

1353

01:01:13,240 --> 01:01:11,600

House and the Senate what we've got to

1354

01:01:16,450 --> 01:01:13,250

do is make sure we communicate it to the

1355

01:01:17,860 --> 01:01:16,460

world and ultimately keep it strong for

1356

01:01:19,590 --> 01:01:17,870

the future and the only way we do that

1357

01:01:24,400 --> 01:01:19,600

is communicated to the world again

1358

01:01:26,110 --> 01:01:24,410

nasa.gov slash moon to Mars thank you so

1359

01:01:27,510 --> 01:01:26,120

much it's great being here at the

1360

01:01:36,500 --> 01:01:27,520

kennedy space